ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020



8 WEST WAY COURT LAKE JACKSON, TEXAS 77566



Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended August 31, 2020

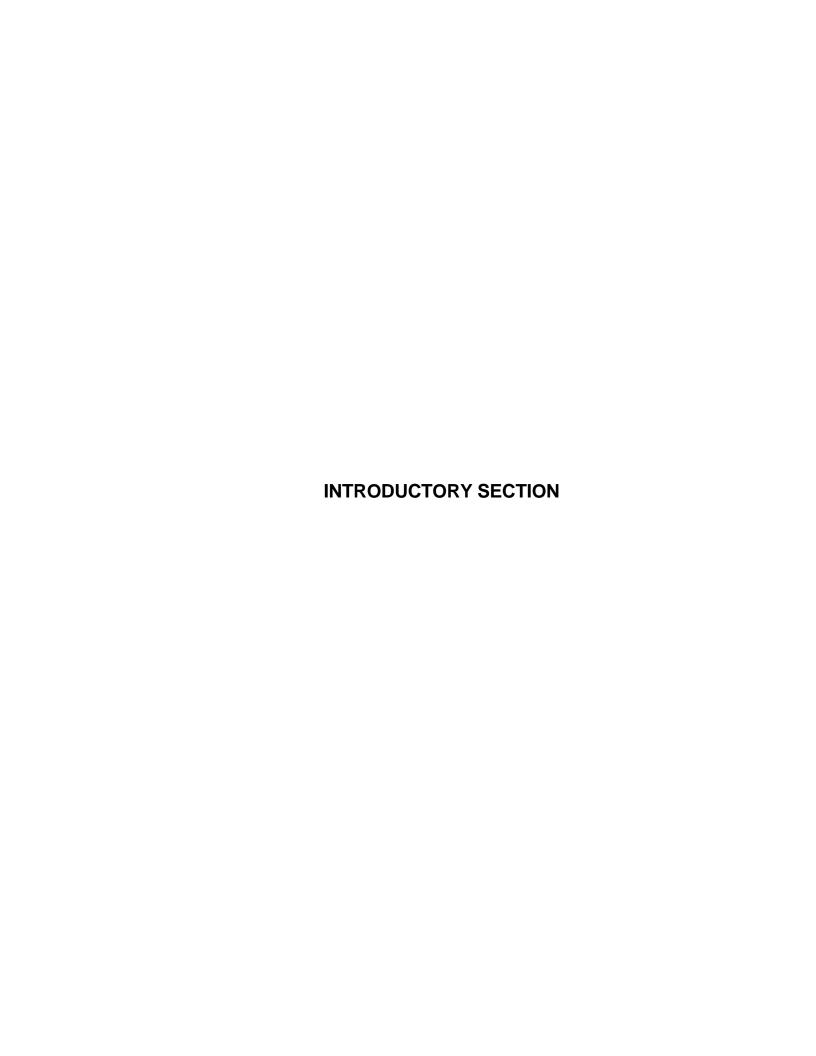
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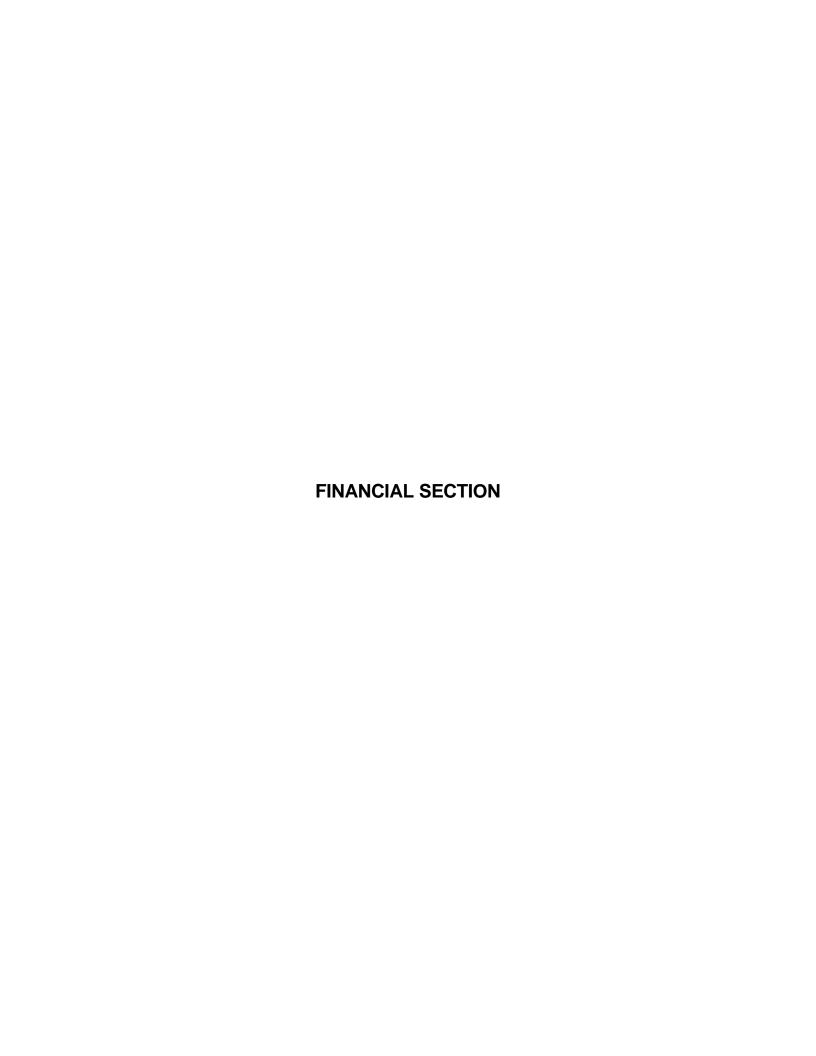


CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Brazosport Independent School District	Brazoria	020-905
Name of School District	County	CoDist. Number
We, the undersigned, certify that the attached annual fi	nancial reports of the above name	ed school district were
reviewed and (check one) ✓ approved disappr	oved for the year ended August 3	1 2020 at a meeting
Teviewed and (eneok ene) approved disappr	oved for the year chaea / tagast o	1, 2020, at a mooting
of the board of trustees of such school district on the _	14th day of December 2020.	
	^	
0. 111'	100 011	
Jeany Ableins	Mason P. Howal	
Jerry Adkiris Signature of Board Secretary	Mason Howard Signature of Board President	
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If the Board of Trustees disapproved of the auditor's report, the reason(s) for disapproving it is (are) (attach list if necessary):









INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Board of Trustees Brazosport Independent School District Freeport, TX 77542

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Brazosport Independent School District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended August 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of August 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Lake Jackson 8 W Way Ct. Lake Jackson, TX 77566 979-297-4075 El Campo 201 W. Webb St. El Campo, TX 77437 979-543-6836 Angleton 2801 N. Velasco, Suite C Angleton, TX 77515 979-849-8297 Bay City 2245 Avenue G Bay City, TX 77414 979-245-9236



Board of Trustees Brazosport Independent School District Freeport, Texas 77542 Page 2

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, required pension schedules and required OPEB schedules on pages 15 through 26 and 93 through 99 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and required Texas Education Agency schedules, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, required Texas Education Agency schedules, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

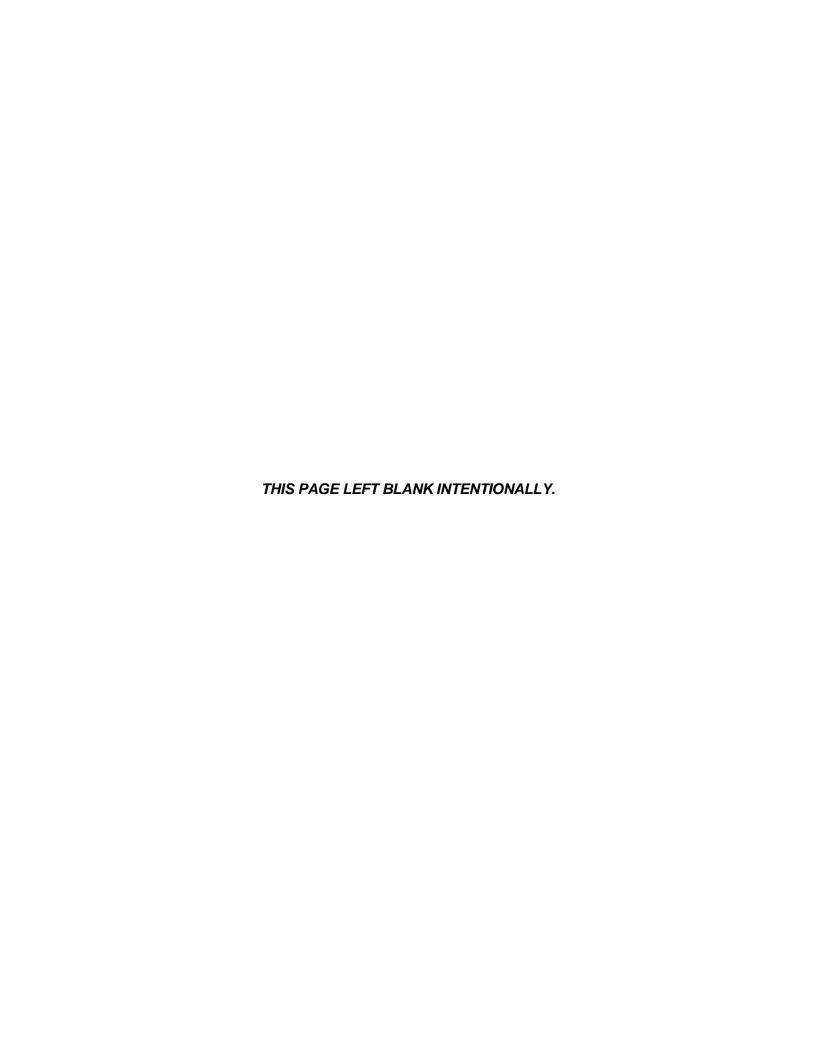
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Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 4, 2020, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

KM&L, LLC

Lake Jackson, Texas December 4, 2020



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS AUGUST 31, 2020

As management of the Brazosport Independent School District (the "District"), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the year ended August 31, 2020. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the District exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent period by \$67,014,929 (net position). Of this amount, unrestricted net position is a deficit of \$36,033,229.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$ 233,837,559. Approximately 23.04% of this total amount, \$ 53,871,179, is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$53,871,179, or 34.92% of the total general fund expenditures.
- The District reported net pension liability of \$47,496,966 and a net OPEB liability of \$54,308,834, at August 31, 2020, with the implementation of GASB Statements 68, 71, and 75. With the addition of these non-current liabilities on an accrual basis, the District reported a deficit unrestricted net position in the amount of \$36,033,229.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between these reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information for all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Both of the District's government-wide financial statements distinguish the functions of the District as being principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) as opposed to *business-type activities* that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. The District has no *business-type activities* for which it is financially accountable. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 28 through 31 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS AUGUST 31, 2020

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related requirements. The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant funds - not the District as a whole.

- Some funds are required by State law and/or bond covenants.
- Other funds may be established by the Board to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes or grants.

All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

- Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, government fund financial statements focus on nearterm inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements. Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the government fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. The District maintains twenty-seven (27) governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance for the general fund, debt service fund, and capital projects fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other twenty-four (24) governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report. The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund, national school breakfast and lunch program food service special revenue fund, and debt service fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided to demonstrate compliance with these budgets. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 32 through 38 of this report.
- Proprietary funds. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. There are two proprietary fund types. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. As mentioned above in the government-wide definition, the District has no business-type activities or enterprise funds. The second type of proprietary fund is the internal service fund. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the various functions. The District uses the internal service fund to report activities for its self-funded dental and workers' compensation insurance programs. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 39 through 41 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS AUGUST 31, 2020

• **Fiduciary funds.** Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the District's own programs. The District is the trustee, or *fiduciary*, for these funds and is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position that can be found on pages 42 through 43. These activities are excluded from the District's government-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a complete understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 46 through 89 of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 93 through 99 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining statements can be found on pages 102 through 109 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$ 67,014,929 as of August 31, 2020. Net position of the District's governmental activities increased by \$ 7,438,704, from \$ 59,576,225 to \$ 67,014,929.

The District's Net Position

	2020	2019
Current and other assets Capital assets Total assets	\$ 257,292,014 <u>306,333,609</u> <u>563,625,623</u>	\$ 182,932,094 <u>235,446,510</u> <u>418,378,604</u>
Deferred outflows of resources Total deferred outflows of resources	<u>34,748,941</u> <u>34,748,941</u>	31,166,585 31,166,585
Long-term liabilities outstanding Other liabilities Total liabilities	479,153,449 <u>20,972,081</u> <u>500,125,530</u>	350,332,362 19,582,626 369,914,988
Deferred inflows of resources Total deferred inflows of resources	31,234,105 31,234,105	20,053,976 20,053,976
Net Position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	86,225,158 16,823,000 (<u>36,033,229</u>)	68,132,760 20,393,220 (28,949,755)
Total net position	\$ <u>67,014,929</u>	\$ <u>59,576,225</u>

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS AUGUST 31, 2020

Investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings and improvements, furniture, equipment and vehicles, and construction in progress) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding is \$86,225,158. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the District's net position, \$16,823,000 represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance is a deficit of \$36,033,229, which represents unrestricted net position. The deficit is not an indication that the District does not have significant resources available to meet financial obligations next year, but rather the result of having long-term commitments, specifically the net pension liability and net OPEB liability that are less than currently available resources.

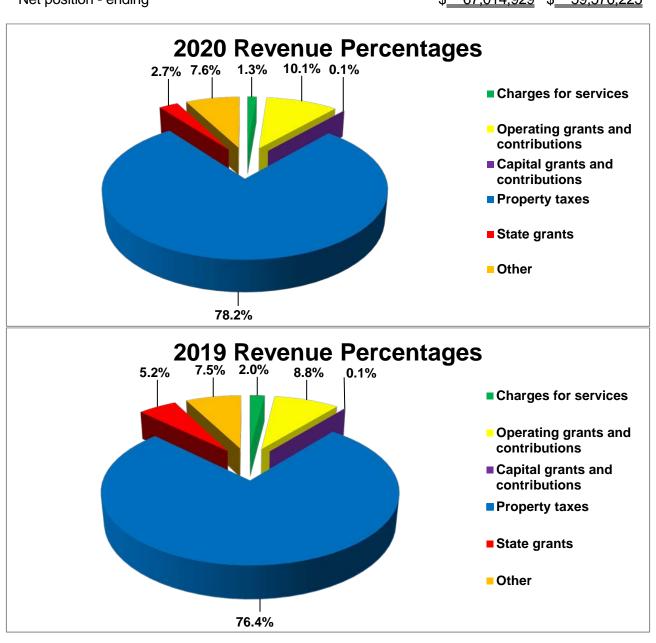
Governmental activities. The District's total net position increased \$7,438,704. The total cost of all *governmental activities* this year was \$198,128,840. The amount that our taxpayers paid for these activities through property taxes was \$160,764,228 or 81.14%.

Changes in the District's Net Position

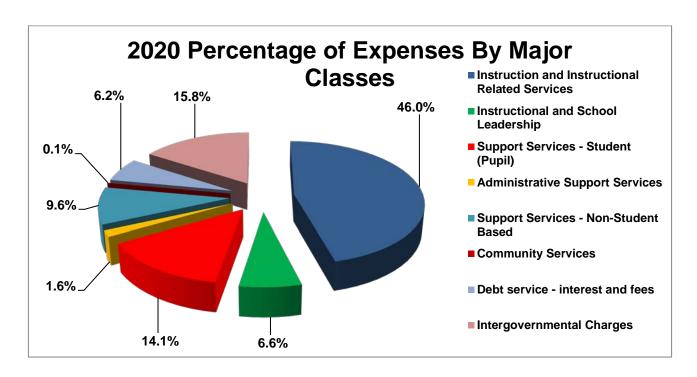
	2020	2019
Revenues:		
Program Revenues:		
Charges for services	\$ 2,773,664	\$ 4,507,107
Operating grants and contributions	20,741,762	19,560,818
Capital grants and contributions	28,347	5,108
General Revenues:		
Property taxes	160,764,228	169,082,313
State grants	5,635,487	11,505,499
Other	<u>15,624,056</u>	<u>16,546,940</u>
Total revenues	205,567,544	221,207,785
Expenses:		
Instruction	85,011,094	80,705,471
Instructional resources and media services	2,284,466	2,105,755
Curriculum and instructional staff development	3,773,403	4,094,514
Instructional leadership	3,531,348	3,224,823
School leadership	9,537,097	8,984,748
Guidance, counseling and evaluation services	6,516,618	5,642,937
Social work services	659,390	639,862
Health services	1,559,815	1,472,558
Student transportation	4,134,662	3,659,217
Food services	8,166,260	7,875,045
Extracurricular activities	6,870,719	6,609,140
General administration	3,228,080	3,075,547
Facilities maintenance and operations	14,271,154	14,307,906
Security and monitoring services	2,272,438	2,037,705
Data processing services	2,469,299	3,301,398
Community services	29,488	37,657
Debt service	12,251,793	7,897,959
		(continued)

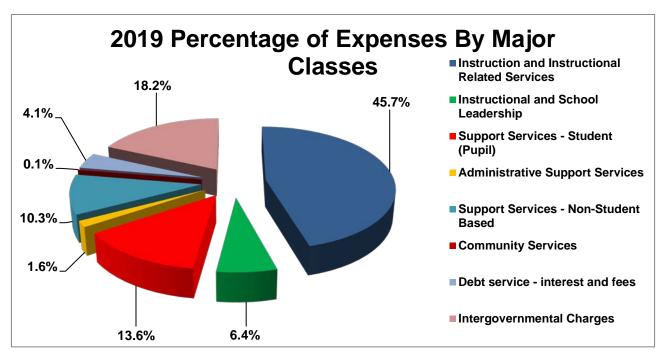
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS AUGUST 31, 2020

		2020		2019
Contracted instructional services between public schools Payments related to shared services arrangements Payments to juvenile justice alternative education programs Other governmental charges	\$	30,304,764 61,500 13,300 1,182,152	\$	33,392,489 98,400 56,600 1,111,841
Total expenses	_	198,128,840	_	190,331,572
Increase in net position		7,438,704		30,876,213
Net position - beginning	_	59,576,225	_	28,700,012
Net position - ending	\$_	67,014,929	\$_	59,576,225



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS AUGUST 31, 2020





MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS AUGUST 31, 2020

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements, bond covenants, and segregation for particular purposes.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's *governmental funds* is to provide information on nearterm inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of a fiscal year.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$ 233,837,559, an increase of \$ 73,127,726. Approximately 23.04% of this total amount, \$ 53,871,179, constitutes *unassigned fund balance*. The remainder of fund balance is *nonspendable, restricted, committed* or *assigned* to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been classified 1) for inventories \$ 422,492, 2) for prepaid items \$ 1,895,544, 3) for grant funds \$ 133,420, 4) for capital acquisitions and contractual obligations \$ 144,685,026, 5) for debt service \$ 14,793,993, 6) other restricted \$ 2,235,905, 7) claims and judgments \$ 250,000, 8) capital expenditures for equipment \$ 5,550,000, and 9) other assigned \$ 10,000,000.

The general fund is the primary operating fund of the District. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$53,871,179, while the total fund balance was \$71,424,188. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to the total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 34.92% of the total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 46.29% of that same amount.

The fund balance of the District's general fund decreased \$ 3,403,898 during the current fiscal year. Key factors related to this change are as follows:

- Adopted budget with a projected \$ 179,334 surplus
- Estimated revenue loss and supplemental payments related to Chapter 313 agreements were less than budgeted
- The reserve for debt service is budgeted as an expenditure
- Received a refund for prior year recapture after property value appeal
- Other functional expenditures were less than amounts originally budgeted due to unexpended contingencies

The debt service fund has a total fund balance of \$ 14,793,993, all of which is restricted for the payment of debt service. The net increase in fund balance during the period in the debt service fund was \$ 803,306. Following are factors contributing to this change:

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS AUGUST 31, 2020

- Adopted budget projected a \$314,369 surplus
- The District currently has one QZAB bond outstanding, which requires annual payments totaling \$ 401,939 to be made into a sinking fund. Funding necessary to make the payments is received from property tax collections. Tax collections are recorded as revenues, which increase fund balance, however, payments into the sinking fund are not considered expenditures until the bonds mature.

The capital projects fund has a total fund balance of \$ 145,168,026, with \$ 144,685,026 being restricted for the acquisition of capital contractual obligations. The net increase in fund balance during the period in the capital projects fund was \$ 75,811,429. Following are factors contributing to this change:

- Planned expenditures associated with the 2012 and 2014 Bond programs
- Issuance of voter authorized debt from the 2019 bond program

Proprietary funds. As mentioned earlier, the District's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position at August 31, 2020 amounted to \$ 2,315,544. The total decrease in net position was \$ 31,588.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The District made the following amendments to budgeted revenue.

\$ 9,540 increase to reflect a Youth Mental First Aid Grant

Following is a summary of amendments made to appropriations:

- \$ 6.056 million increase for the accrued cost of recapture for August 2020
- \$ 4.120 million increase to meet current debt obligation related to 2010 Limited Tax Note

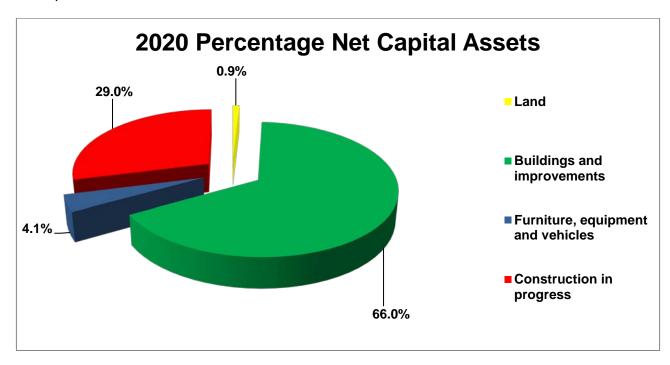
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS AUGUST 31, 2020

Capital assets. The District's investments in capital assets for its governmental activities as of August 31, 2020 amounts to \$306,333,609 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, furniture, equipment and vehicles, and construction in progress.

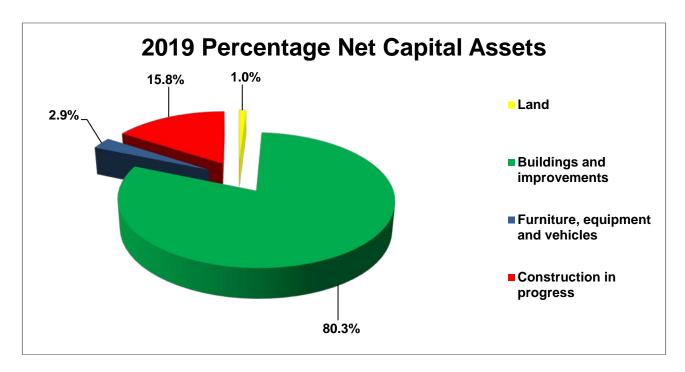
District's Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

	2020	
Land	\$ 2,681,92	
Buildings and improvements	202,286,11	15 189,296,238
Furniture, equipment and vehicles	12,618,87	75 6,776,794
Construction in progress	88,746,69	<u>96</u> <u>37,112,505</u>
Total at historical cost	\$ <u>306,333,60</u>	<u>09</u> \$ <u>235,446,510</u>

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 on pages 66 through 67 of this report.



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS AUGUST 31, 2020

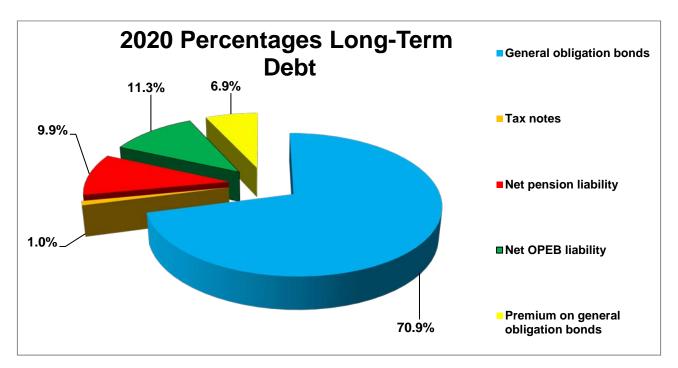


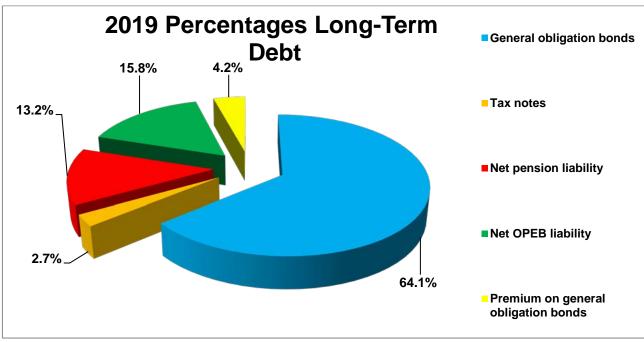
Long-term debt. At August 31, 2020, the District had total long-term debt outstanding of \$479,153,449. Long-term debt is made of general obligation bonds of \$339,784,043, tax notes of \$4,695,000, net pension liability of \$47,496,966, net OPEB liability of \$54,308,834, premium on general obligation bonds of \$32,868,606.

District's Long-Term Debt:

	2020	2019
General obligation bonds	\$ 339,784,043	\$ 224,644,037
Tax notes	4,695,000	9,330,000
Net pension liability	47,496,966	46,141,942
Net OPEB liability	54,308,834	55,420,468
Premium on general obligation bonds	32,868,606	14,795,915
Total long-term debt	\$ <u>479,153,449</u>	\$ <u>350,332,362</u>

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS AUGUST 31, 2020





Moody's Aaa rating on the District's bonded indebtedness is provided by a guarantee of the Texas Permanent School Fund for timely payment of principal and interest in the event the District is unable to meet debt service requirements. Moody's Aaa underlying rating is representative of the District's sizable but highly concentrated tax base, low debt levels, and modest financial reserves.

Additional information on the District's long-term debt and capital leases can be found in Note 6 on pages 68 through 71 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS AUGUST 31, 2020

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- The District prepared the 2020-21 budgets with a tax rate of \$1.1817 per \$100 property valuation, a .003 cent reduction from 2019-20. The General Fund (M&O) rate is \$0.9664 and Debt Service (I&S) rate is \$0.2153. The District is estimating 2020 M&O and the I&S net taxable values to decrease by 14.8% and increase by 24.52%, respectively from 2019 values. With the decrease in the M&O rate and values, we are budgeting approximately \$18.2 million less in property tax revenue to the general fund. Maintaining the same I&S rate and with an increase in values, we will generate an additional \$8.6 million to the debt service fund.
- Weighted Average Daily Attendance (WADA) for 2020-21 is projected at 14,277, which is an increase from 15,285 from 2019-20 budgeted WADA. State funding will increase by approximately \$2.25 million based on entitlement changes and local property collections. The District will pay over \$16 million back to the state in recapture payments for 2020-21, which is over a \$10 million reduction from the \$27.6 million budgeted for 2019-20.
- Payroll appropriations include \$2.15 million for a 2% one-time salary increase based on pay grade midpoint. The increase will not be added to the employees' base pay; however, it will be accrued through the 2020-21 school year. Payroll appropriations make up 87.56% of total general fund expenditures, excluding recapture. Other expenditure categories make up the remaining 12.44% and were reduced by 2%, or \$435,000.

These indicators were taken into account when adopting the budgets for 2020-21. The District has appropriated general fund revenues and expenditures in the 2020-2021 budget of \$140,697,933 and \$145,322,258, respectively. Total budgeted revenues decreased 9.29% and total expenditures decreased by 6.21% from the 2019-2020 budget.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances as well as demonstrate accountability for funds the District receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Office of the Chief Finance and Governmental Affairs Officer, Brazosport Independent School District, P.O. Drawer Z, Freeport, Texas, 77542.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2020 Exhibit A-1 Page 1 of 2

Data Control Codes	ASSETS:	Governmental Activities
1110 1120	Cash and cash equivalents Current investments	\$ 245,281,121 4,693,571
1220	Property taxes receivable	1,596,674
1230	Allowance for uncollectible taxes	(751,938)
1240	Due from other governments	4,092,655
1290	Other receivables (net)	61,895
1300	Inventories	422,492
1410	Prepaid items	1,895,544
	Capital Assets:	
1510	Land	2,681,923
1520	Building and improvements (net)	202,286,115
1530	Furniture, equipment and vehicles (net)	12,618,875
1580	Construction in progress	<u>88,746,696</u>
1000	Total assets	563,625,623
	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
1700	Deferred outflows of resources	<u>34,748,941</u>
	Total deferred outflows of resources	34,748,941
	LIABILITIES:	
2110	Accounts payable	10,170,405
2140	Accrued interest payable	550,029
2150	Payroll deductions and withholdings	1,015,066
2160	Accrued wages payable	6,312,371
2165	Accrued liabilities	219,166
2180	Due to other governments	2,558,039
2300	Unearned revenue	147,005
	Noncurrent Liabilities:	
2501	Due within one year	31,173,165
	Due in more than one year:	
2502	Bonds payable and other	346,174,484
2540	Net pension liability	47,496,966
2545	Net OPEB liability	<u>54,308,834</u>
2000	Total liabilities	500,125,530
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
2600	Deferred inflows of resources	<u>31,234,105</u>
	Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>31,234,105</u>
		(continued)

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - Continued AUGUST 31, 2020

Exhibit A-1 Page 2 of 2

Data Control Codes		Governmental Activities
	NET POSITION:	
3200	Net investment in capital assets	\$ 86,225,158
	Restricted For:	
3820	Federal and state programs	215,447
3850	Debt service	14,371,648
3870	Campus activities	1,100,499
3890	Other	1,135,406
3900	Unrestricted	(36,033,229)
3000	Total net position	\$ <u>67.014.929</u>



STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Data Control Codes						I	Prog	ram Revenue	S		
Condes				1							Net
Content											
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES: Instruction \$ 85,011,094 \$ 395,388 \$ 10,207,907 \$ 28,347 \$ 74,379,452 Instructional resources and media services 2,284,466 7,468 173,895 (2,103,103 Curriculum and instructional staff development 3,773,403 11,780 562,598 (3,179,025 Instructional leadership 9,537,097 40,023 491,934 (8,999,140 Guidance, counselling, and evaluation services 6,516,618 27,827 1,349,021 (5,139,770 Guidance, counselling, and evaluation services 6,593,00 1,422 258,439 (399,529 Social work services 1,559,815 7,794 80,205 (1,71),816 Subtent transportation 4,134,662 19,767 143,483 (3,377),412 Subtent transportation 4,134,662 19,767 143,483 (3,377),412 General administration 3,228,080 8,387 418,793 (2,200,900 General administration 3,228,080 8,387 418,793 (2,208,6141 General administration 3,228,080 8,387 418,793 (2,208,6141 General administration 3,228,080 8,387 418,793 (2,208,6141 General instructional services 2,272,438 12,476 173,821 (2,086,141 General instructional services 3,030,4764 (3,030,4764 2) (4,030					(
Instruction	<u>Codes</u>			Expenses	_	Services	<u>C</u>	<u>ontributions</u>	Co	ontributions_	Net Position
Instructional resources and media services 2,284,466 7,468 173,895 (2,103,103)	44		_	05 044 004	_	005.000	_	10 007 007		00.047	*/ 74.070.450
Curriculum and instructional staff development 3,773,403 11,780 582,598 (3,379,025)			\$		\$		\$		\$	28,347	
Instructional leadership 3,531,348 11,424 462,384 (3,057,540]											
School leadership 9,537,097 46,023 491,934 (8,999,140) Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services 6,516,618 27,827 1,349,021 (5,139,770) Social work services 659,390 1,422 258,439 (399,529) Student transportation 1,134,662 1,9767 143,483 (3,971,412) Student transportation 1,134,662 1,9767 143,483 (3,971,412) Student transportation 1,134,662 1,9767 143,483 (3,971,412) Student transportation 1,134,662 1,153,235 5,279,472 (1,733,553) Security and monitoring services 8,166,260 1,153,235 5,279,472 (1,733,553) Security and monitoring services 6,870,719 1,006,425 209,113 (5,655,181) General administration 3,228,080 8,387 418,793 (2,800,900) Stansport Security and monitoring services 2,272,438 12,476 1733,821 (2,086,141) Security and monitoring services 2,246,299 9,957 119,912 (2,339,430) Stansport Security and monitoring services 2,246,299 9,957 119,912 (2,339,430) Stansport Services 2,251,793 (3,136,543) (1,1865,250) Stansport Services 3,330,34,764 (3,300,47,64) Stansport Service Service 3,473,85,641 (3,300,47,64) Stansport Service 34,738,561 (3,300,47,64) State add-formula granits 5,635,437 (3,300,47,6		•									
Sudiance courselling, and evaluation services 6.516.618 27.827 1,349.021 (5.139.770) 32 Social work services 6.59.390 1,422 258.439 (3.99.529) 33 Health services 1.559.815 7.794 80.205 (1.471.816) 34 Student transportation 4,134.662 19,767 143.483 (3.971.412) 35 Food services 8,166.260 1,153.235 5,279.472 (1.733.553) 36 Extracurricular activities 6,870,719 1,006.425 209,113 (5.655.181) 41 General administration 3,228.080 8,387 418.793 (2.800.900) 2.800.900 3.51 Facilities mainlenance and operations 14,271.154 53.550 382.763 (1.8348.411) 3.5350 382.763 (1.8348.411) 3.5350 382.763 (1.8348.411) 3.5350 382.763 (1.8348.411) 3.5350 382.763 (1.8348.411) 3.5350 3.5950											
Social work services											•
Health services											
Student transportation											
Food services											
Extracurricular activities											
Seneral administration 3,228,080 8,387 418,793 (2,800,900)											
Facilities maintenance and operations		Extracurricular activities									
52 Security and monitoring services 2,272,438 12,476 173,821 (2,086,141,153 53 Data processing services 2,469,299 9,957 119,912 (2,339,430,343) 61 Community services 29,488 741 21,479 (7,268,67) 71 Debt service 12,251,793 386,543 (11,865,250,67) 91 Contracted instructional services between public schools 30,304,764 (30,304,764,67) 93 Payments for juvenile justice alternative education programs (61,500) (61,500) 95 Payments for juvenile justice alternative education programs 13,300 (13,300) 99 Other intergovernmental charges 1,182,152 (11,82,152) TG Total governmental activities \$ 198,128,840 \$ 2,773,664 \$ 20,741,762 \$ 28,347 \$ (174,585,067) TG Total governmental activities \$ 198,128,840 \$ 2,773,664 \$ 20,741,762 \$ 28,347 \$ (174,585,067) TG Total general purposes \$ 126,025,667 \$ 28,347 \$ 126,025,667 \$ 28,347 \$ 126,025,66											(2,800,900)
53 Data processing services 2,469,299 9,957 119,912 (2,339,430) 61 Community services 29,488 741 21,479 (7,268) 71 Debt service 12,251,793 386,543 (11,865,250) 91 Contracted instructional services between public schools 30,304,764 (30,304,764) 93 Payments related to shared service arrangements 61,500 (61,500) 95 Payments for juvenile justice alternative education programs 13,300 (13,300) 99 Other intergovernmental charges 1,182,152 (11,82,152) TG Total governmental activities \$_198,128,840 \$_2,773,664 \$_20,741,762 \$_28,347 \$_{174,585,067} General revenues: Taxes: MT Property taxes, levied for general purposes \$_20,741,762 \$_28,347 \$_{174,585,067} SF State aid-formula grants \$_34,738,561 \$_34,738,561 \$_34,738,561 \$_34,738,561 \$_34,738,561 \$_34,738,561 \$_34,738,561 \$_34,738,561 \$_34,533,478 \$_				14,271,154		53,550		382,763			(13,834,841)
Community services 29,488 741 21,479 (7,268)		Security and monitoring services		2,272,438							(2,086,141)
Total governmental activities 12,251,793 386,543 11,865,250 91 Contracted instructional services between public schools 30,304,764 93 Payments related to shared service arrangements 61,500 61,500 61,500 95 Payments for juvenile justice alternative education programs 13,300 13,	53	Data processing services		2,469,299		9,957		119,912			(2,339,430)
Contracted instructional services between public schools 30,304,764 (30,304,764 93 Payments related to shared service arrangements 61,500 (61,500 61,	61	Community services		29,488		741		21,479			(7,268)
public schools 30,304,764 (30,304,764 93 Payments related to shared service arrangements 61,500 (61,500) 95 Payments for juvenile justice alternative education programs 13,300 (13,300) 99 Other intergovernmental charges 1,182,152 (1,182,152) TG Total governmental activities \$ 198,128,840 \$ 2,773,664 \$ 20,741,762 \$ 28,347 \$ (174,585,067) General revenues: Taxes: MT Property taxes, levied for general purposes \$ 126,025,667 DT Property taxes, levied for debt service 34,738,561 SF State aid-formula grants 5,635,487 GC Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs 1,488,155 IE Investment earnings 4,523,427 MI Miscellaneous 9,566,316 S1 Special item - gain on sale of fixed assets 182,023,771 CN Change in net position 7,438,704 NB Net position - beginning 59,576,225	71	Debt service		12,251,793				386,543			(11,865,250)
93 Payments related to shared service arrangements education programs 61,500 95 Payments for juvenile justice alternative education programs 13,300 (13,300) 99 Other intergovernmental charges 1,182,152 (1,182,152) Total governmental activities \$ 198,128,840 \$ 2,773,664 \$ 20,741,762 \$ 28,347 \$ (174,585,067) General revenues: Taxes: MT Property taxes, levied for general purposes \$ 126,025,667 DT Property taxes, levied for debt service 34,738,561 SF State aid-formula grants 5,635,487 GC Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs 1,488,155 IE Investment earnings 4,523,427 MI Miscellaneous 9,566,316 Special item - gain on sale of fixed assets 182,023,771 CN Change in net position 7,438,704 NB Net position - beginning 59,576,225	91	Contracted instructional services between									
93 Payments related to shared service arrangements of 1,500 (61,500) 95 Payments for juvenile justice alternative education programs 13,300 (13,300) 99 Other intergovernmental charges 1,182,152 (1,182,152) Total governmental activities \$ 198,128,840 \$ 2,773,664 \$ 20,741,762 \$ 28,347 \$ (174,585,067) General revenues: Taxes: MT Property taxes, levied for general purposes \$ 126,025,667 DT Property taxes, levied for debt service 34,738,561 SF State aid-formula grants 5,635,487 GC Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs 1,488,155 IE Investment earnings 4,523,427 MI Miscellaneous 9,566,316 Special item - gain on sale of fixed assets 182,023,771 CN Change in net position 7,438,704 NB Net position - beginning 59,576,225		public schools		30,304,764							(30,304,764)
Payments for juvenile justice alternative education programs 13,300 (13,300) 99 Other intergovernmental charges 1,182,152 (1,182,152) TG Total governmental activities \$ 198,128,840 \$ 2,773,664 \$ 20,741,762 \$ 28,347 \$ (174,585,067) General revenues: Taxes: MT Property taxes, levied for general purposes \$ \$126,025,667 DT Property taxes, levied for debt service \$ 34,738,561 SF State aid-formula grants \$ 5,635,487 GC Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs \$ 1,488,155 IE Investment earnings \$ 4,523,427 MI Miscellaneous \$ 9,566,316 Special item - gain on sale of fixed assets \$ 46,158 TG Total general revenues \$ 182,023,771 CN Change in net position \$ 7,438,704 NB Net position - beginning \$ 59,576,225	93										
education programs 13,300 (13,300) Other intergovernmental charges 1,182,152 (1,182,152) TG Total governmental activities \$ 198,128,840 \$ 2,773,664 \$ 20,741,762 \$ 28,347 \$ (174,585,067) General revenues: Taxes: MT Property taxes, levied for general purposes \$ 126,025,667 DT Property taxes, levied for debt service 34,738,561 SF State aid-formula grants 5,635,487 GC Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs 1,488,155 IE Investment earnings 4,523,427 MI Miscellaneous 9,566,316 S1 Special item - gain on sale of fixed assets 46,158 TG Total general revenues 182,023,771 CN Change in net position 7,438,704 NB Net position - beginning 59,576,225	95										. ,
99 Other intergovernmental charges 1,182,152 (1,182,152) TG Total governmental activities \$ 198,128,840 \$ 2,773,664 \$ 20,741,762 \$ 28,347 \$ (174,585,067) General revenues: Taxes: MT Property taxes, levied for general purposes \$ 126,025,667 DT Property taxes, levied for debt service 34,738,561 SF State aid-formula grants 5,635,487 GC Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs 1,488,155 IE Investment earnings 4,523,427 MI Miscellaneous 9,566,316 S1 Special item - gain on sale of fixed assets 46,158 TG Total general revenues 182,023,771 CN Change in net position 7,438,704 NB Net position - beginning 59,576,225				13,300							(13,300)
Total governmental activities \$ 198,128,840 \$ 2,773,664 \$ 20,741,762 \$ 28,347 \$ (174,585,067) \$ General revenues: Taxes: MT Property taxes, levied for general purposes \$ 126,025,667 \$ DT Property taxes, levied for debt service \$ 34,738,561 \$ SF State aid-formula grants \$ 5,635,487 \$ GC Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs \$ 1,488,155 \$ IE Investment earnings \$ 4,523,427 \$ MI Miscellaneous \$ 9,566,316 \$ SPECIAL Item - gain on sale of fixed assets \$ 182,023,771 \$ CN Change in net position \$ 7,438,704 \$ Net position - beginning \$ 59,576,225 \$ Order to the position of the position \$ 5,635,487 \$ Order to the position of the position \$ 1,488,155 \$ Order to the position of the position \$ 1,488,155 \$ Order to the position of the position \$ 1,488,155 \$ Order to the position of the positio	99										
General revenues: Taxes: MT Property taxes, levied for general purposes \$126,025,667 DT Property taxes, levied for debt service 34,738,561 SF State aid-formula grants 5,635,487 GC Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs 1,488,155 IE Investment earnings 4,523,427 MI Miscellaneous 9,566,316 S1 Special item - gain on sale of fixed assets 46,158 TG Total general revenues 182,023,771 CN Change in net position 7,438,704 NB Net position - beginning 59,576,225		3	_	-	_						,
Taxes: MT Property taxes, levied for general purposes \$126,025,667 DT Property taxes, levied for debt service 34,738,561 SF State aid-formula grants 5,635,487 GC Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs 1,488,155 IE Investment earnings 4,523,427 MI Miscellaneous 9,566,316 S1 Special item - gain on sale of fixed assets 9,566,316 S1 Total general revenues 182,023,771 CN Change in net position 7,438,704 NB Net position - beginning 59,576,225	TG	Total governmental activities	\$_	198,128,840	\$_	2,773,664	\$_	20,741,762	\$	28,347	\$ <u>(174,585,067</u>)
Taxes: MT Property taxes, levied for general purposes \$126,025,667 DT Property taxes, levied for debt service 34,738,561 SF State aid-formula grants 5,635,487 GC Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs 1,488,155 IE Investment earnings 4,523,427 MI Miscellaneous 9,566,316 S1 Special item - gain on sale of fixed assets 9,566,316 S1 Total general revenues 182,023,771 CN Change in net position 7,438,704 NB Net position - beginning 59,576,225		General revenues:									
MTProperty taxes, levied for general purposes\$126,025,667DTProperty taxes, levied for debt service34,738,561SFState aid-formula grants5,635,487GCGrants and contributions not restricted to specific programs1,488,155IEInvestment earnings4,523,427MIMiscellaneous9,566,316S1Special item - gain on sale of fixed assets46,158TGTotal general revenues182,023,771CNChange in net position7,438,704NBNet position - beginning59,576,225											
DTProperty taxes, levied for debt service34,738,561SFState aid-formula grants5,635,487GCGrants and contributions not restricted to specific programs1,488,155IEInvestment earnings4,523,427MIMiscellaneous9,566,316S1Special item - gain on sale of fixed assets46,158TGTotal general revenues182,023,771CNChange in net position7,438,704NBNet position - beginning59,576,225	MT										\$126.025.667
SFState aid-formula grants5,635,487GCGrants and contributions not restricted to specific programs1,488,155IEInvestment earnings4,523,427MIMiscellaneous9,566,316S1Special item - gain on sale of fixed assets46,158TGTotal general revenues182,023,771CNChange in net position7,438,704NBNet position - beginning59,576,225											
GCGrants and contributions not restricted to specific programs1,488,155IEInvestment earnings4,523,427MIMiscellaneous9,566,316S1Special item - gain on sale of fixed assets46,158TGTotal general revenues182,023,771CNChange in net position7,438,704NBNet position - beginning59,576,225											
IEInvestment earnings4,523,427MIMiscellaneous9,566,316S1Special item - gain on sale of fixed assets46,158TGTotal general revenues182,023,771CNChange in net position7,438,704NBNet position - beginning59,576,225			ora	ms							
MI S1Miscellaneous Special item - gain on sale of fixed assets9,566,316 46,158TGTotal general revenues182,023,771CNChange in net position7,438,704NBNet position - beginning59,576,225			y g. a.								
S1Special item - gain on sale of fixed assets46,158TGTotal general revenues182,023,771CNChange in net position7,438,704NBNet position - beginning59,576,225											
CN Change in net position 7,438,704 NB Net position - beginning 59,576,225											
NB Net position - beginning 59,576,225	TG	Total general revenues									182,023,771
	CN	Change in net position									7,438,704
NE Net position - ending \$\(\frac{67,014,929}{} \)	NB	Net position - beginning									59,576,225
	NE	Net position - ending									\$ <u>67,014,929</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Exhibit C-1 Page 1 of 2

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2020

Data			10		50 Dalet		60		Other	98 Tatal
Data Control			General		Debt Service		Capital Projects	Go	Other vernmental	Total Governmental
Codes			Fund		Fund		Fund	00	Funds	Funds
	ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOUR	RCES	5:							
	Assets:									
1110	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	73,033,175	\$	14,376,022	\$	153,264,580	\$	4,419,671	\$ 245,093,448
1120	Current investments		1,945,302						401,318	2,346,620
1220	Property taxes receivable		1,323,515		273,159					1,596,674
1230	Allowance for uncollectible taxes									
	(credit)	(629,098)	(122,840)					(751,938)
1240	Receivables from other governments		284,390						3,808,265	4,092,655
1260	Due from other funds		5,047,853		403,720		47,401		241,485	5,740,459
1290	Other receivables		31,319						30,490	61,809
1300	Inventories		340,465						82,027	422,492
1410	Prepaid items	_	1,412,544	_		_	483,000	_		1,895,544
1000	Total assets	_	82,789,465	_	14,930,061	_	153,794,981		8,983,256	260,497,763
	Deferred Outflows of Resources:									
1700	Deferred outflows of resources	_		_		_		_		
	Total deferred outflows of resources	_	-0-	_	-0-	_	-0-	_	-0-	-0-
1000A	Total assets and deferred outflows									
	of resources	\$	82,789,465	\$_	14,930,061	\$_	153,794,981	\$	8,983,256	\$ <u>260,497,763</u>

Exhibit C-1 Page 2 of 2

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2020

Data Control Codes		10 General Fund			50 Debt Service Fund		60 Capital Projects Fund		Other Governmental Funds		98 Total Governmental Funds	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE:												
2110 2150 2160 2170 2180	Liabilities: Accounts payable Payroll deductions and withholdings Accrued wages payable Due to other funds Payable to other governments	\$	781,409 1,015,066 5,816,139 605,449 2,558,039	\$		\$	8,620,881 6,074	\$	768,115 490,158 5,135,010	\$	10,170,405 1,015,066 6,312,371 5,740,459 2,558,039	
2300	Unearned revenue	_		_	8,384	_		_	138,621	_	147,005	
2000	Total liabilities	_	10,776,102	_	8,384	_	8,626,955	_	6,531,904	_	25,943,345	
2600	Deferred Inflows of Resources: Deferred inflows of resources - property taxes		589,17 <u>5</u>	_	127,684	_		_		_	716,859	
	Total deferred inflows of resources		589,175	_	127,684	_	-0-	_	-0-	_	716,859	
	Fund Balance: Nonspendable:											
3410 3430	Inventories Prepaid items Restricted:		340,465 1,412,544				483,000		82,027		422,492 1,895,544	
3450 3470	Grant funds Capital acquisitions and								133,420		133,420	
3480 3490	contractual obligations Debt service Other Committed:				14,793,993		144,685,026		2,235,905		144,685,026 14,793,993 2,235,905	
3520 3530	Claims and judgments Capital expenditures for equipment		250,000 5,550,000								250,000 5,550,000	
3590	Assigned: Other Unassigned:		10,000,000								10,000,000	
3600	Unassigned fund balance		53,871,179	_		_		_		_	53,871,179	
3000	Total fund balance		71,424,188	_	14,793,993	_	145,168,026	_	2,451,352	_	233,837,559	
4000	Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	\$	82,789,465	\$	14,930,061	\$	<u>153,794,981</u>	\$_	8,983,256	\$_	260,497,763	

Exhibit C-1R

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2020

Total fund balances - governmental funds balance sheet (C-1)	\$	233,837,559
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of net position (A-1) are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Capital assets include \$ 414,588,705 in assets less \$ 108,255,096 in accumulated depreciation.		306,333,609
Property taxes receivable unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds. Deferred property tax revenues for the general fund and the debt service fund amounted to \$ 589,175 and \$ 127,684, respectively.		716,859
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current year expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. This is the bond refunding costs, which is amortized over the life of the refunding bonds, or the refunded bonds, whichever is shorter. Net bond refunding costs were \$ 58,176 (bond refunding costs of \$ 222,211 less accumulated amortization of \$ 164,035).		58,176
Pension deferred outflows of resources of \$ 25,299,954 less pension deferred inflows of resources of \$ 7,739,296.		17,560,658
OPEB deferred outflows of resources of \$ 9,390,811 less OPEB deferred inflows of resources of \$ 23,494,809.	(14,103,998)
Premium on the issuance of bonds provide current financial resources to governmental funds but the proceeds decrease long-term assets in the statement of net position. This amount is amortized over the life of the bonds. Net premium on the issuance of bonds were \$ 32,868,606 (premium on sale of bonds of \$ 40,885,105 less amortization of \$ 8,016,499).	(32,868,606)
The assets and liabilities of internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.		2,315,544
Payables for net pension liability are not reported in the funds.	(47,496,966)
Payables for bond principal are not reported in the funds.	(339,784,043)
Payable for tax note principal are not reported in the funds.	(4,695,000)
Payables for net OPEB liability are not reported in the funds.	(54,308,834)
Payables for accrued interest are not reported in the funds.	<u>(</u>	550,029)
Net position of governmental activities - statement of net position (A-1)	\$_	67,014,929

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.



Exhibit C-2 Page 1 of 2

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

		10	50	60		98
Data			Debt	Capital	Other	Total
Control		General	Service	Projects	Governmental	Governmental
Codes		Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
	REVENUES:					
5700	Local and intermediate sources	\$137,179,523	\$ 35,117,200	\$ 2,627,273	\$ 2,890,020	\$177,814,016
5800	State program revenues	11,771,648	101,827		905,036	12,778,511
5900	Federal program revenues	2,093,273			12,059,566	14,152,839
5020	Total revenues	<u>151,044,444</u>	35,219,027	2,627,273	15,854,622	204,745,366
	EXPENDITURES:					
	Current:					
0011	Instruction	67,438,245		148,167	5,930,023	73,516,435
0012	Instructional resources and media services	1,571,802		566,214	25,967	2,163,983
0013	Curriculum and instructional staff development	3,111,497			446,353	3,557,850
0021	Instructional leadership	2,950,308			284,715	3,235,023
0023	School leadership	8,395,441			8,833	8,404,274
0031	Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services	5,020,924			1,040,202	6,061,126
0032	Social work services	403,701			242,461	646,162
0033	Health services	1,403,662				1,403,662
0034	Student transportation	2,538,609		2,818,317	4,836	5,361,762
0035	Food services			25,276	7,012,624	7,037,900
0036	Extracurricular activities	4,099,563		140,876	926,605	5,167,044
0041	General administration	2,904,472			89,265	2,993,737
0051	Facilities maintenance and operations	13,068,442		1,001,242	37,926	14,107,610
0052	Security and monitoring services	2,062,789		723,161	67,694	2,853,644
0053	Data processing services	2,280,378		3,249,879	8,986	5,539,243
0061	Community services	8,041			20,619	28,660
	Debt Service:					
0071	Debt service - principal	4,635,000	23,690,000			28,325,000
0071	Debt service - interest and fees Capital Outlay:	409,584	13,756,221			14,165,805
0081	Facilities acquisition and construction Intergovernmental:	420,950		74,142,712		74,563,662
0091	Contracted instructional services					
	between public schools	30,304,764				30,304,764
0093	Payments related to shared	,,				,,
	services arrangements	61,500				61,500
0095	Payments to juvenile justice alternative	0.,000				0.,000
	education programs	13,300				13,300
0099	Other intergovernmental charges	1,182,152				1,182,152
6030	Total expenditures	154,285,124	37,446,221	82,815,844	16,147,109	290,694,298
1100	Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	(3,240,680)	(2,227,194)	(80,188,571)	(292,487)	(85,948,932)

Exhibit C-2 Page 2 of 2

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

		10	50	60		98
Data			Debt	Capital	Other	Total
Control		General	Service	Projects	Governmental	Governmental
Codes		Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
7911	Issuance of general obligation bonds	\$	\$	\$138,750,000	\$	\$138,750,000
7912	Sale of real and personal property	27,023			19,135	46,158
7915	Transfers in	59,759			382,388	442,147
7916	Premium on issuance of					
	general obligation bonds		3,030,500	17,250,000		20,280,500
8911	Transfers out	(250,000)			<u>(192,147</u>)	(442,147)
	Total other financing sources (uses)	(163,218)	3,030,500	156,000,000	209,376	159,076,658
1200	Net change in fund balance	(3,403,898)	803,306	75,811,429	(83,111)	73,127,726
0100	Fund balance - beginning	74,828,086	13,990,687	69,356,597	2,534,463	160,709,833
3000	Fund balance - ending	\$ <u>71,424,188</u>	\$ <u>14,793,993</u>	\$ <u>145,168,026</u>	\$ <u>2,451,352</u>	\$ <u>233,837,559</u>

BRAZOSPORT INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020	E	xhibit C-2R
Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds (from C-2)	\$	73,127,726
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of activities (B-1) are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the governmental activities statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay of \$83,220,653 exceeded depreciation of \$12,333,554 in the current period.		70,887,099
Government funds report pension payments as expenditures. However, in the governmental activities statement of activities, the pension cost is calculated by an actuary and involves multiple factors. The amount of pension expense reported was \$ 6,845,291 more than the amount reported in the funds.	(6,845,291)
Government funds report OPEB payments as expenditures. However, in the governmental activities statement of activities, the OPEB cost is calculated by an actuary and involves multiple factors. The amount of OPEB expense reported was \$ 967,439 more than the amount reported in the funds.	(967,439)
Property tax revenues in the governmental activities statement of activities do not provide current financial resources and are not reported as revenues in the funds. Deferred property tax revenues for the general fund increased by \$ 44,742 and for the debt service fund increased by \$ 14,943.		59,685
Repayment of long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net position. These amounts were for general obligation bonded debt \$ 23,690,000 and tax notes of \$ 4,635,000.		28,325,000
Premium on the issuance of bonds provides current financial resources to governmental funds but the proceeds decrease long-term assets in the statement of net position. This amount is amortized over the life of the bonds. Net premium on the issuance of bonds was \$ 18,072,691. (Premium on bonds issued of \$ 20,280,500 less current amortization of \$ 2,207,809).	(18,072,691)
Long-term debt proceeds provide current financial resources to government funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net position. Long-term debt proceeds from general obligation bonds were \$ 138,750,000.	(138,750,000)
Deferred outflows on gains and losses on debt refundings are amortized over the term of the bonds In the statement of activities but are expensed in the year incurred in governmental funds.	(28,433)
Some expenses reported in the governmental activities statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This is the change in accrued interest on long-term debt.	(185,358)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of insurance and health and worker's compensation to individual funds. The net expense of the internal service funds is reported in the governmental activities statement of activities (see D-2)	(31,588)
Accretion of capital appreciation bonds increases debt service interest expense in the governmental activities statement of activity but is not reported in governmental funds.	<u>(</u>	80,006)
Change in net position of governmental activities (see B-1)	\$	7,438,704

Exhibit D-1

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2020

Data Control Codes		Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds (See H-3)
1110 1120 1290	Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources: Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments Other receivables (net)	\$ 187,673 2,346,951 86
1000	Total assets	2,534,710
1700	Deferred Outflows of Resources: Deferred outflows of resources	
	Total deferred outflows of resources	
	Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ <u>2,534,710</u>
2165	Liabilities, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Net Position: Liabilities: Accrued liabilities	\$ <u>219,166</u>
2000	Total liabilities	219,166
2600	Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred inflows of resources	
	Total deferred inflows of resources	
3900	Net Position Unrestricted net position	2,315,544
3000	Total net position	2,315,544
	Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	\$ <u>2,534,710</u>

Exhibit D-2

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds (See H-4)
Operating Revenues: Charges for services	\$ <u>987,749</u>
Total operating revenues	987,749
Operating Expenses: Insurance claims and expenses	1,067,288
Total operating expenses	1,067,288
Operating loss	(79,539)
Nonoperating Revenues: Investment earnings	47,951
Total nonoperating revenues	47,951
Changes in net position	(31,588)
Net position - beginning	2,347,132
Net position - ending	\$ <u>2.315.544</u>

Exhibit D-3

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds (See H-5)
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers Claims paid	\$ 987,663 (4,914) (1,029,420)
Net cash used by operating activities	(46,671)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchase of investments Sale of investments Investment earnings	(4,673,630) 4,569,000 43,263
Net cash used by investing activities	(61,367)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(108,038)
Balances - beginning of year	295,711
Balances - end of year	\$ <u>187,673</u>
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating loss Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by Operating Activities:	\$(79,539)
Changes in Assets and Liabilities: Other receivables Accrued liabilities	(86) 32,954
Net cash used by operating activities	\$ <u>(46,671</u>)
NONCASH INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Increase in fair value of investments	\$ <u>4,689</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Exhibit E-1

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2020

		Private- Purpose Trusts	Agency Funds
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources:			
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Prepaid expenses	\$	16,388	\$ 383,227 3,139
Total assets		16,388	\$ 386,366
Deferred Outflows of Resources: Deferred outflows of resources		_	
Total deferred outflows of resources		-0-	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	16,388	
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position: Liabilities:			
Accounts payable Amounts due to student and employee groups	\$		\$ 64,539 321,827
Total liabilities		-0-	\$ 386,366
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Deferred inflows of resources			
Total deferred inflows of resources		-0-	
Net Position: Held in trust for other purposes		16,388	
Total net position		16,388	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	\$ <u></u>	16,388	

Exhibit E-2

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

	Private- Purpose Trusts
ADDITIONS Investment earnings: Interest	\$ <u>125</u>
Total additions	125
DEDUCTIONS Total deductions	
Changes in net position	125
NET POSITION Net position - beginning	16,263
Net position - ending	\$16,388



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Brazosport Independent School District (the "District") is a public educational agency operating under the applicable laws and regulations of the State of Texas. It is governed by a seven-member Board of Trustees that are elected by registered voters of the District. The District prepares its basic financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Additionally, the District complies with the requirements of the appropriate version of the Texas Education Agency (TEA) *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide* (FASRG) and the requirements of contracts and grants of agencies from which it receives funds.

Reporting Entity

The Board of the District is elected by the public; has the authority to make decisions, appoint administrators and managers; significantly influence operations; and has the primary accountability for fiscal matters. Therefore, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined by GASB in its Statement No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus – and amendment of GASB Statement No. 14 and No. 34". A blended component unit, although a legally separate entity is, in substance, part of the District's operations.

 Blended Component Unit: The Brazosport Independent School District Educational Foundation (the "Foundation") was established under Internal Revenue Service regulations as a conduit for tax-deductible donations to the District. The Superintendent serves as a Board Member. The Foundation is a supporting organization of the District and is presented as a special revenue fund of the District.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of changes in net position) report financial information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. The *governmental activities* are supported by tax revenues and intergovernmental revenues. The District has no *business-type activities* that rely, to a significant extent, on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis Of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State of Texas are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available.

Revenue from investments, including governmental external investment pools, is based upon fair value. Fair value is the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. Most investments are reported at amortized cost when the investments have remaining maturities of one year or less at time of purchase. External investment pools are permitted to report short-term debt investments at amortized cost, provided that the fair value of those investments is not significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer, or other factors. For that purpose, a pool's short-term investments are those with remaining maturities of up to ninety days.

The proprietary fund types and the fiduciary fund types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus and utilize the accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognized revenues in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable and expenses in the accounting period in which they are incurred and become measurable. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the Statement of Net Position. The net position is segregated into restricted net position and unrestricted net position. The agency funds record only assets and liabilities and use the accrual basis of accounting to recognize receivables and payables. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first and the unrestricted resources as needed.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis Of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include local property taxes, state funding under the Foundation School Program and interest earnings. Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operations of the District except for specific programs funded by the federal and state government, food service, debt service, and capital projects.

The *debt service fund* accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds for which a tax has been dedicated. This is a budgeted fund and a separate bank account is maintained for this fund. Any unused sinking fund balances are transferred to the general fund after all of the related debt obligations have been met. Major revenue sources include local property taxes, and interest earnings. Expenditures include all costs associated with related debt service.

The *capital projects fund* accounts for the resources accumulated and made for Board authorized acquisition, construction, or renovation, as well as, furnishing and equipping of major capital facilities. The major revenue source includes investment earnings and other resources from proceeds from sale of general obligation bonded debt.

The District reports the following proprietary funds:

The *internal service funds* account for the District's self-funded dental insurance plan provided for the benefit of eligible employees and its self-funded worker's compensation program. The revenues of these funds are received from both the general and special revenue funds, and District employees and the expenses are comprised of claims paid on behalf of the District and its employees. The general fund is contingently liable for liabilities of these funds. Sub-fund accounting is employed to maintain the integrity of the self-insurance activities of the District. See Note 12 for additional discussion of the District's self-funded insurance plans.

The dental insurance plan is intended to be self-supporting and contributions for premiums are increased periodically to cover the cost of claims, insurance premiums and administrative fees. As of August 31, 2020, liabilities totaled \$41,258 and net position of the dental insurance plan was \$272,386.

The worker's compensation program provides for incurred but not reported costs for worker's compensation claims through the establishment of undiscounted liability accounts and net position. As of August 31, 2020, undiscounted liabilities totaled \$ 177,908 and net position of the worker's compensation program was \$ 2,043,158.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

<u>Measurement Focus, Basis Of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation</u> (Continued)

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations.

Additionally, the District reports the following fiduciary funds:

The *private-purpose trust funds* are used to account for donations for endowments received from individuals and/or organizations for specified donor purposes for which the principal and earned interest or revenue may be used.

The agency fund accounts for resources held in a custodial capacity by the District, and consists of funds that are the property of students or others.

Cash and Investments

The District considers highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools, investments are reported at fair value. Fair values are based on published market rates. Current investments have an original maturity greater than three months but less than one year at the time of purchase. Non-current investments have an original maturity of greater than one year at the time of purchase.

Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds". The District had no advances between funds. See Note 4 for additional discussion of interfund receivables, payables and transfers.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of January 1 for all real and business property located in the district in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due upon receipt of the tax bill and are past due and subject to interest if not paid by February 1 of the year following the October 1 levy date. On January 31 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Property Taxes (Continued)

The appraisal and recording of all property within the District is the responsibility of the Brazoria County Appraisal District (BCAD), an independent governmental unit with a board of directors appointed by the taxing jurisdictions within the county and funded from assessments against those taxing jurisdictions. BCAD is required by law to assess property at 100% of its appraised value. Real property must be reappraised at least every two years.

Under certain circumstances taxpayers and taxing units, including the District, may challenge orders of the BCAD Review Board through various appeals and, if necessary, legal action.

The assessed value (adjusted) of the property tax roll on August 1, 2019, upon which the levy for the 2019-20 fiscal year was based, was \$ 13,160,599,931. Taxes are delinquent if not paid by June 30. Delinquent taxes are subject to penalty and interest charges plus 20% delinquent collection fees for attorney costs.

The tax rates assessed for the year ended August 31, 2020, to finance general fund operations and the payment of principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt were \$ 0.9700 and \$ 0.2153 per \$ 100 valuation, respectively, for a total of \$ 1.1853 per \$ 100 valuation.

Current tax collections for the year ended August 31, 2020 were 99.59% of the year-end adjusted tax levy. Delinquent taxes are prorated between maintenance and debt service based on rates adopted for the year of the levy. Allowances for uncollectible taxes within the general and debt service funds are based on historical experience in collecting taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature. As of August 31, 2020, property taxes receivable, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, totaled \$ 694,417 and \$ 150,319 for the general and debt service funds, respectively.

Inventories

The consumption method is used to account for inventories (food products, school supplies and athletic equipment) of governmental funds. Under this method, these items are carried in an inventory account of the respective fund at cost, using the first-in, first-out method of accounting and are subsequently charged to expenditures when consumed. Governmental fund inventories are offset by a fund balance reserve indicating that they are unavailable as current expendable financial resources. Inventories of food commodities are recorded at market values supplied by the Texas Department of Human Services. Although commodities are received at no cost, their market value is recorded as inventory and deferred revenue when received in the governmental funds. When requisitioned, inventory and deferred revenue are relieved, expenditures are charged, and revenue is recognized for an equal amount.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Capital Assets and Depreciation

Capital assets, which include land and land improvements, buildings and improvements, and furniture, equipment and vehicles, are reported in the applicable governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government to be \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. When assets are retired or otherwise disposed of, the related costs or other recorded amounts are removed.

Buildings and improvements, furniture, equipment and vehicles of the District are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings and improvements	20 - 50
Furniture, equipment and vehicles	5 - 15

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Guidance for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources is provided by GASB No. 63, "Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position". Concepts Statement No. 4, Elements of Financial Statements, introduced and defined those elements as a consumption of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period, and an acquisition of net position by the government that is applicable to a future period, respectively. Previous financial reporting standards do not include guidance for reporting those financial statement elements, which are distinct from assets and liabilities. Further, GASB No. 65, "Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities", had an objective to either (a) properly classify certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources or (b) recognize certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities as outflows of resources (expenses or expenditures) or inflows of resources (revenues).

Compensated Absences

Vacations are to be taken within the same year they are earned, and any unused days at the end of the year are forfeited. Therefore, no liability has been accrued in the accompanying financial statements. Employees of the District are entitled to sick leave based on category/class of employment. Sick leave is allowed to be accumulated but does not vest. Therefore, a liability for unused sick leave has not been recorded in the accompanying financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are unearned and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as expenditures or expenses in the current period.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt is reported as other financing resources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Pensions

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes, for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as-you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

Budgetary Data

Formal budgetary accounting is employed for all required governmental funds, as outlined in TEA's FASRG, and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The budget is prepared and controlled at the function level within each organization to which responsibility for controlling operations is assigned.

The official school budget is prepared for adoption for required governmental funds prior to August 20 of the preceding fiscal year for the subsequent fiscal year beginning September 1. The budget is formally adopted by the Board of Trustees at a public meeting held at least ten days after public notice has been given.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Budgetary Data (Continued)

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the general fund, debt service fund and the national school breakfast and lunch program. The remaining special revenue funds and the capital projects fund (if utilized) adopt project-length budgets, which do not correspond to the District's fiscal year. Each annual budget is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The budget was properly amended throughout the year by the Board of Trustees. Such amendments are before the fact and are reflected in the official minutes of the Board.

The Official Budget was prepared for adoption for the general fund, national school breakfast and lunch program and debt service fund prior to August 31, 2019. The budget is prepared by fund, function, object, and organization. The budget is controlled at the organizational level by the appropriate department head or campus principal within Board allocations. Therefore, organizations may transfer appropriations as necessary without the approval of the board unless the intent is to cross fund, function or increase the overall budget allocations. Control of appropriations by the Board of Trustees is maintained within fund groups at the function code level and revenue object code level.

The Budget is formally adopted by the Board of Trustees at a duly advertised public meeting in accordance with law prior to the expenditure of funds. The approved budget is filed with the Texas Education Agency (TEA) through the Public Education Information Management System. Should any change in the approved budget be required, budget amendment requests are presented to the Board of Trustees for consideration. Amendments are made before the fact and once approved are reflected in the official minutes. During the year the budget was properly amended in accordance with the above procedures.

Encumbrance Accounting

The District employs encumbrance accounting, whereby encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders and contracts. An encumbrance represents a commitment of Board appropriation related to unperformed contracts for goods and services. The issuance of a purchase order or the signing of a contract creates an encumbrance but does not represent an expenditure for the period, only a commitment to expend resources. Appropriations lapse at August 31 and encumbrances outstanding at that time are either canceled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget.

As of August 31, 2020, the District has encumbrances outstanding in the general fund of \$16,470.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fund Equity

The District's Board of Trustees meets on a regular basis to manage and review cash financial activities and to ensure compliance with established policies. The District's Unassigned General Fund Balance is maintained to provide the District with sufficient working capital and a margin of safety to address local and regional emergencies without borrowing. The unassigned General Fund Balance may only be appropriated by resolution of the Board of Trustees. Fund Balance of the District may be committed for a specific source by formal action of the District's Board of Trustees. Amendments or modifications of the committed fund balance must also be approved by formal action by the District's Board of Trustees. When it is appropriate for fund balance to be assigned, the Board of Trustees has delegated authority to the Superintendent and the Chief Financial and Governmental Affairs Officer. In circumstances where an expenditure is to be made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, the order in which resources will be expended as follows: restricted fund balance, followed by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and lastly, unassigned fund balance.

The District implemented GASB 54, "Fund Balance, Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions", for its governmental funds. Under GASB 54, fund balances are required to be reported according to the following classifications:

Nonspendable Fund Balance - Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form, or, for legal or contractual reasons, must be kept intact. This classification includes inventories, prepaid amounts, assets held for sale, and long-term receivables.

<u>Restricted Fund Balance</u> - Constraints placed on the use of these resources are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or other governments; or are imposed by law.

<u>Committed Fund Balance</u> - Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes because of a Board of Trustees Resolution by the government's highest level of decision-making authority.

<u>Assigned Fund Balance</u> - Amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent can be stipulated by the governing body by the Chief Financial and Governmental Affairs Officer. With the exception of the General Fund, this is the residual fund balance classification for all governmental funds with positive balances.

<u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> - This is the residual classification of the General Fund. Only the General Fund reports a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds might report a negative balance in this classification, as the result of overspending for specific purposes for which amount had been restricted, committed or assigned.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fund Equity (Continued)

As of August 31, 2020, nonspendable fund balances include \$ 340,465 for inventories and \$ 1,412,544 for prepaid items in the general fund, \$ 82,027 for inventories in the national school breakfast and lunch program, and \$ 483,000 for prepaid items in the capital projects fund. Restricted fund balances include \$ 14,793,993 for the debt service fund, \$ 144,685,026 for the capital projects fund, \$ 133,420 for the national school breakfast and lunch program, and \$ 2,235,905 for Campus Activity Funds, BISD Education Foundation, PPCD Program, City of Lake Jackson PEG and Dow Education Grants (special revenue funds). Committed fund balances include \$ 250,000 for claims and judgments and \$ 5,550,000 for capital expenditures for equipment in general fund. Assigned fund balances include \$ 10,000,000 for other purposes in the general fund. Unassigned fund balance includes \$ 53,871,179 in the general fund.

Data Control Codes

The data control codes refer to the account code structure prescribed by TEA in the FASRG. The TEA requires school districts to display these codes in the financial statements filed with the Agency in order to ensure accuracy in building a statewide database for policy development and funding plans.

Use of Estimates

The presentation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reporting amounts of assets and deferred outflows of resources, and, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

New Pronouncements

GASB issues statements on a routine basis with the intent to provide authoritative guidance on the preparation of financial statements and to improve governmental accounting and financial reporting of governmental entities. Management reviews these statements to ensure that preparation of its financial statements are in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles and to anticipate changes in those requirements. The following recent GASB Statements reflect the action and consideration of management regarding these requirements:

GASB No. 83 "Certain Asset Retirement Obligations" was issued in November 2016. The statement was implemented and did not have a material effect on the financial statements of the District. The requirements of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2019.

GASB No. 84 "Fiduciary Activities" was issued in January 2017. The management of the District does not expect the implementation of this standard to have a material effect on the financial statements of the District. The requirements of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

New Pronouncements (Continued)

GASB No. 87 "Leases" was issued in June 2017. The management of the District does not expect the implementation of this standard to have a material effect on the financial statements of the District. The requirements of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

GASB No. 88 "Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements" was issued in April 2018. The management of the District does not expect the implementation of this standard to have a material effect on the financial statements of the District. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020.

GASB No. 89 "Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period" was issued in June 2018. The management of the District does not expect the implementation of this standard to have a material effect on the financial statements of the District. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020.

GASB No. 90 "Majority Equity Interests – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61" was issued in August 2018. The management of the District does not expect the implementation of this standard to have a material effect on the financial statements of the District. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

GASB No. 91 "Conduit Debt Obligations" was issued in May 2019. The management of the District does not expect the implementation of this standard to have a material effect on the financial statements of the District. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021.

GASB No. 92 "Omnibus 2020" was issued in January 2020. The management of the District does not expect the implementation of this standard to have a material effect on the financial statements of the District. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

GASB No. 93 "Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates" was issued in March 2020. The management of the District does not expect the implementation of this standard to have a material effect on the financial statement of the District. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

GASB No. 94 "Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements" was issued in March 2020. The management of the District does not expect the implementation of this standard to have a material effect on the financial statements of the District. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

GASB No. 95 "Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance" was issued in May 2020. The statement was implemented and did not have a material effect on the financial statements of the District. The requirements of this statement are effective immediately.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

New Pronouncements (Continued)

GASB No. 96 "Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements" was issued in May 2020. The management of the District does not expect the implementation of this standard to have a material effect on the financial statements of the District. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

GASB No. 97 "Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans" was issued in June 2020. The management of the District does not expect the implementation of this standard to have a material effect on the financial statements of the District. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

NOTE 2. DEPOSITS, INVESTMENTS AND DERIVATIVES

The District classifies deposits and investments for financial statement purposes as cash and cash equivalents, current investments, and non-current investments based upon both liquidity (demand deposits) and maturity date (deposits and investments) of the asset at the date of purchase. For this purpose an investment is considered a cash equivalent if when purchased it has maturity of three months or less. Investments are classified as either current investments or non-current investments. Current investments have maturity of one year or less and non-current investments are those that have a maturity of one year or more. See Note 1 for additional Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 31 disclosures.

Cash and cash equivalents are reported on the statement of net position at August 31, 2020 are as follows:

		Proprietary (Internal				
	Governmental	Service)	F	iduciary		
_	Funds	<u>Funds</u>		Funds		Total
Cash and Cash Equivalents:						
Cash (petty cash accounts) \$	9,061	\$	\$	1,000	\$	10,061
Financial Institution Deposits	S:					
Demand deposits	5,633,691	184,259		386,896		6,204,846
Broker-Dealer:						
Demand deposits	422,054	3,414				425,468
Repurchase agreement	7,489,471					7,489,471
Public Funds Investment Po	ol:					
Lone Star	153,400,181			11,719	•	153,411,900
Texas Term	27,912,943					27,912,943
Texas Fixed Income Trust	50,226,047		_			50,226,047
	<u>245,093,448</u>	\$ <u>187,673</u>	\$_	399,615	\$ <u>_</u> 2	<u>245,680,736</u>

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 2. DEPOSITS, INVESTMENTS AND DERIVATIVES (Continued)

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to them. The District requires that all deposits with financial institutions be collateralized in an amount equal to 100 percent of uninsured balances.

Under Texas state law, a bank serving as the school depository must have a bond or in lieu thereof, deposited or pledged securities with the District or an independent third party agent, an amount equal to the highest daily balance of all deposits the District may have during the term of the depository contract, less any applicable FDIC insurance.

At August 31, 2020, in addition to petty cash of \$ 10,061, the carrying amount of the District's cash, savings, and time deposits was \$ 6,630,314. The financial institutions balances were \$ 8,951,471 at August 31, 2020. Financial institution balances of \$ 377,000 were covered by federal depository insurance, \$ 8,574,471 were covered by collateral pledged in the District's name.

In addition the following is disclosed regarding coverage of combined balances on the date of highest deposit:

Depository:

- a. Name of bank: Texas Gulf Bank, Freeport, Texas.
- b. Amount of bond and/or security pledged as of the date of the highest combined balance on deposit was \$51,170,366.
- c. Largest cash, savings and time deposit combined account balance amounted to \$51,420,366 and occurred on February 13, 2020.
- d. Total amount of FDIC coverage at the time of the largest combined balance was \$250,000.

Investments

Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code (the Public Funds Investment Act) authorizes the District to invest its funds under written investment policy (the "investment policy") that primarily emphasizes safety of principal and liquidity, addresses investment diversification, yield, and maturity and addresses the quality and capability of investment personnel. This investment policy defines what constitutes the legal list of investments allowed under the policies, which excludes certain instruments allowed under chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 2. DEPOSITS, INVESTMENTS AND DERIVATIVES (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

The District's deposits and investments are invested pursuant to the investment policy, which is approved by the Board of Trustees. The investment policy includes lists of authorized investment instruments and allowable stated maturity of individual investments. In addition it includes an "Investment Strategy Statement" that specifically addresses each investment option and describes the priorities of suitability of investment type, preservation and safety of principal, liquidity, marketability, diversification and yield. Additionally, the soundness of financial institutions (including broker/dealers) in which the District will deposit funds is addressed. The District's investment policy and types of investments are governed by the Public Funds Investment Act (PFIA). The District's management believes it complied with the requirements of the PFIA and the District's investment policy.

The District's Investment Officer submits an investment report each quarter to the Board of Trustees. The report details the investment positions of the District and the compliance of the investment portfolio's as they relate to both the adopted investment strategy statements and Texas State law.

The District is authorized to invest in the following investment instruments provided that they meet the guidelines of the investment policy:

- 1. Obligations of the U.S. or its agencies and instrumentalities;
- 2. Obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies;
- 3. Other obligations guaranteed by the U.S. or the State of Texas or their agencies and instrumentalities:
- 4. Obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities, and other political subdivisions of any state having been rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm and having received a rating of not less than "A" or its equivalent;
- 5. Guaranteed or secured certificates of deposit issued by state or national banks domiciled in Texas;
- 6. Fully collateralized repurchase agreements; and,
- 7. Public funds investment pool meeting the requirements of Government Code 2256.016-2256.019.

The District participates in one investment services repurchase agreement of U.S. Government securities agreement with the Bank of New York Mellon for the purpose of investing funds to pay future matured bonds. This agreement governs the sale and purchase of U.S. Government-backed securities by and between the District and the depository on scheduled dates.

This agreement is not considered deposits and is not insured by federal deposit insurance or any other insurance. This investment has a custodial risk as uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the financial institution's trust department or agent in the District's name.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 2. DEPOSITS, INVESTMENTS AND DERIVATIVES (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

The District entered into this agreement for the purpose of repaying bonds. This agreement shall not be terminable upon demand. The District will participate in this agreement until completion of terms with interest rates guaranteed to provide sufficient funds to repay the 2005 QZAB bond. The District will repay this bond with these investments.

The District participates in Local Government Investment Pools (LGIP): Lone Star Investment Pool, Texas Term, and Texas Fixed Income Trust. The Lone Star Investment Pool (the "Pool") was established on July 25, 1991, as a public funds investment pool in accordance with the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791, Texas Government Code, and the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256, Texas Government Code, as amended. Lone Star is a 2(a)7 like fund, meaning that they are structured similar to a money market mutual fund. Such funds allow shareholders the ability to deposit or withdraw funds on a daily basis. Interest rates are also adjusted on a daily basis. Such funds seek to maintain a constant net asset value of \$1.00, although this cannot be fully guaranteed. Standard and Poor's has assigned its "AAAm" fund risk ratings to the Pool's Government Overnight Fund, Corporate Overnight Fund and Corporate Overnight Plus Fund.

Texas Term is a local government investment pool that was established in conformity with the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code and the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256 of the Code. Texas Term is a 2(a)7 like fund, meaning that it is structured similar to a money market mutual fund. Such funds allow shareholders the ability to deposit or withdraw funds on a daily basis. Interest rates are also adjusted on a daily basis. Such funds seek to maintain a constant net asset value of \$ 1.00, although this cannot be fully guaranteed. Texas Term are rated AAAm from Standard and Poors and AAAf from Fitch, respectively, and must maintain a dollar weighted average maturity not to exceed 60 days, which is the limit.

Texas Fixed Income Trust is a local government investment pool that was established in conformity with the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code and the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256 of the Code. Texas Fixed Income Trust is a 2(a)7 like fund, meaning that it is structured similar to a money market mutual fund. Such funds allow shareholders the ability to deposit or withdraw funds on a daily basis. Interest rates are also adjusted on a daily basis. Such funds seek to maintain a constant net asset value of \$ 1.00, although this cannot be fully guaranteed. Texas Fixed Income Trust are rated AAAmmf from Fitch, and must maintain a dollar weighted average maturity not to exceed 60 days, which is the limit.

At August 31, 2020, the Government Overnight Fund had a weighted average maturity of 24 days, the Corporate Overnight Fund had a weighted average maturity of 54 days, the Corporate Overnight Plus Fund had a weighted average maturity of 65 days, Texas Term had a weighted average maturity of 48 days, and Texas Fixed Income Trust had a weighted average maturity of 104 days. Although these five funds had weighted average maturities of 25, 54, 65, 48 and 104 days, respectively, the District considers holdings of these funds to have a one day weighted average maturity. This is due to the fact that the share position can normally be redeemed each day at the discretion of the shareholder, unless there has been a significant change in value.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 2. DEPOSITS, INVESTMENTS AND DERIVATIVES (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

The District's investment in LGIP are insured, registered, or the District's agent holds the securities in the District's name; therefore, the District is not exposed to custodial credit risk.

The following table includes the portfolio balances of all investment types of the District at August 31, 2020:

		Weighted Average
	Fair	Maturity
	Value	(In Days)
Local Government Investment Pool:		
Lone Star Investment Pool:		
Government Overnight Fund	\$ 10,110,298	24
Corporate Overnight Fund	4,136,468	54
Corporate Overnight Plus Fund	139,165,134	65
Texas Term	27,912,943	48
Texas Fixed Income Trust	50,226,047	104
Total local government investment pool	231,550,890	69
	• •	
Certificates of deposit	4,693,571	133
	4,693,571	70
Repurchase agreement	7,489,471	
reparenase agreement		
Total investments	\$ <u>243,733,932</u>	

Credit Risk - As of August 31, 2020, 95% of the investment portfolio was invested in AAAm rated funds in the LGIP (2(a)7 like pools), 2% are invested in certificates of deposits that are fully insured by the FDIC and 3% are invested in a Repurchase Agreement is invested in direct obligations of the United States of America backed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America.

Interest rate Risk - As a means of minimizing risk of loss due to interest rate fluctuations, the Investment Policy requires that investment maturities will not exceed the lesser of a dollar weighted average maturity of 365 days or the anticipated cash flow requirements of the funds. Quality short-to-medium term securities should be purchased, which complement each other in a structured manner that minimizes risk and meets the District's cash flow requirements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 2. DEPOSITS, INVESTMENTS AND DERIVATIVES (Continued)

Fair Value Measures

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application establishes a framework for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1 measurement) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under GASB Statement No. 72 are described below:

- Level 1 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the Plan has the ability to access.
- Level 2 Inputs to the valuation methodology include:
 - Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
 - Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets;
 - Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability;
 - Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the Level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The asset's or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

The District held no investments valued at fair market value as of August 31, 2020.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 3. RECEIVABLES, UNCOLLECTIBLE ACCOUNTS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND UNEARNED REVENUES

Receivables and Allowances

Receivables as of August 31, 2020, for the government's individual major funds and nonmajor, internal service, and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	General <u>Fund</u>	Debt Service Fund	Other Governmenta <u>Funds</u>	l <u>Total</u>
Receivables:				
Property taxes Receivables from	\$ 1,323,515 \$	273,159	\$	\$ 1,596,674
other governments	284,390		3,808,265	4,092,655
Other receivables	31,319		30,490	61,809
Gross receivables	1,639,224	273,159	3,838,755	5,751,138
Less: allowance for				
Uncollectibles	629,098	122,840		<u>751,938</u>
Net receivables	\$ <u>1,010,126</u> \$	150,319	\$ <u>3,838,755</u>	\$ <u>4,999,200</u>

Receivables/Payables from/to Other Governments

The District participates in a variety of federal and state programs from which it receives grants to, partially or fully, finance certain activities. In addition, the District receives entitlements from the State through the School Foundation and Per Capita Programs. All federal grants shown below are passed through the TEA or other state agency and are reported on the combined financial statements as either Receivable from or to Other Governments, as applicable.

Amounts due from federal, state, and local governments as of August 31, 2020 are summarized below.

Fund	State Entitlements	Federal Grants	State Grants and Other	Total
Major Governmental Funds: General fund Other funds	\$ 63,444 608,071	\$ 201,037 3,151,610	\$ 19,909 48,584	\$ 284,390 3,808,265
Total	\$ <u>671,515</u>	\$ <u>3,352,647</u>	\$ <u>68,493</u>	\$ <u>4,092,655</u>

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 3. RECEIVABLES, UNCOLLECTIBLE ACCOUNTS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND UNEARNED REVENUES (Continued)

Receivables/Payables from/to Other Governments (Continued)

For the year ended August 31, 2020, the District was determined to be subject to Chapter 41 under the Texas Education Code (TEC). During the year ended August 31, 2020, the District was required to pay \$ 33,777,521 to the state and at August 31, 2020, the District had paid the state \$ 31,219,482. The underpayment amount of \$ 2,558,039 is recorded as a payable to other governments. The amount incurred as Chapter 41 costs of \$ 30,304,764 (after settle-ups) is reported as expenditures under Function 91 - Contracted Instructional Services Between Public Schools. The District will continue to be classified as a Chapter 41 District for the 2020-2021 year.

<u>Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources and Unearned Revenues</u>

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds defer the recognition of revenue in connection with receivables that are considered to be unavailable to liquidate liabilities of the current period and report these amounts as deferred inflows of resources. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned and report these amounts as a liability (unearned revenue).

As of August 31, 2020, the various components of deferred inflows of resources and unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Ir Re	Deferred of the sources of the sourc	_	nearned Revenue
Delinquent property taxes receivable (general fund) Delinquent property taxes receivable (debt service fund) Federal food commodities State entitlements State grants	\$	589,175 127,684	\$	72,109 8,384 66,512
Totals:	\$	716,859	\$	147,005

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities defer the recognition of pension and OPEB expense for contributions made subsequent to the measurement date to the current year-end of August 31, 2020 and report these as deferred outflows of resources. Governmental activities also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned and report these amounts as a deferred inflow of resources. Further, for governmental activities, like governmental funds, defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned and report these amounts as a liability (unearned revenue).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 3. RECEIVABLES, UNCOLLECTIBLE ACCOUNTS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND UNEARNED REVENUES (Continued)

<u>Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources and Unearned Revenues</u> (Continued)

Governmental Activities (Continued)

As of August 31, 2020, the various components of deferred inflows and outflows of resources and unearned revenue reported in the governmental activities were as follows:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Unearned Revenue
TRS pension deferred inflows and outflows of resources	¢ 21 871 808	\$ 7,739,296	¢
Pension contributions subsequent to the	φ21,071,090	Ψ 1,139,290	Ψ
measurement date	3,428,056		
TRS OPEB deferred inflows and outflows of resources	8,549,811	23,494,809	
OPEB contributions subsequent to the	0,010,011	20, 10 1,000	
measurement date	841,000		
Bond refunding costs	58,176		
Federal food commodities			72,109
State entitlements			8,384
State grants			66,512
Totals	\$ <u>34,748,941</u>	\$ <u>31,234,105</u>	\$ <u>147,005</u>

NOTE 4. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund Receivables and Payables

Interfund balances at August 31, 2020 consisted of the following individual fund receivables and payables:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 3-31-20
General Fund Debt Service Fund Capital Projects Fund Other Governmental Funds Other Governmental Funds	Other Governmental Funds General Fund General Fund General Fund Other Governmental Funds	\$ 5,047,853 403,720 47,401 154,328 87,157
		\$ 5,740,459

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 4. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS (Continued)

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended August 31, 2020 were as follows:

Transferring Fund	Receiving Fund		Amount		
Other Governmental Funds	General Fund	\$	59,759		
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds		250,000		
Other Governmental Funds	Other Governmental Funds		5,000		
Other Governmental Funds	Other Governmental Funds	_	127,388		
		\$	442,147		

The transfer from the BISD Education Foundation to the General Fund provided a general purpose donation to the District to seek alternative funds to enhance the educational opportunities. The transfer from General Fund to Child Nutrition was made to cover the negative student balances, police department meals, and the negative operating balance as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic. The transfer from the BISD Education Foundation to Child Nutrition represented a donation from an individual donor to cover negative student balances. The transfer from the BISD Education Foundation to DOW Education Grants is for grants received from DOW for Project Lead the Way and STREAM.

NOTE 5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Changes in Capital Assets and Accumulated Depreciation

The following provides a summary of changes in capital assets and accumulated depreciation for the year ended August 31, 2020:

	September 1, 2019	Additions	Retirements	Transfers & Adjustments	August 31, 2020
Non-Depreciated Capital Asset Land Construction in progress	s: \$ 2,260,973 <u>37,112,505</u>	\$ 420,950 74,187,020	\$	\$ (22,552,829)	\$ 2,681,923 88,746,696
Total non-depreciated	39,373,478	74,607,970	-0-	(22,552,829)	91,428,619
Depreciated Capital Assets: Buildings and improvements Furniture, equipment and	279,821,661	766,925	6,965,127	22,552,829	296,176,288
vehicles	20,755,166	7,845,758	1,617,126		26,983,798
Total depreciated	300,576,827	8,612,683	8,582,253	22,552,829	323,160,086
Total additions/transfers and retirements		\$ <u>83,220,653</u>	\$ <u>8,582,253</u>	\$	
Accumulated Depreciation: Buildings and improvements Furniture, equipment and	90,525,423	\$ 10,329,877	\$ 6,965,127	\$	\$ 93,890,173
vehicles	13,978,372	2,003,677	1,617,126		14,364,923
Total accumulated depreciation	104,503,795	\$ <u>12,333,554</u>	\$ <u>8,582,253</u>	\$	108,255,096
Net depreciated assets	196,073,032				214,904,990
Net capital assets	\$ 235,446,510				\$306,333,609

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 5. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

See Note 1 for additional information regarding capital assets.

Depreciation Expense

In accordance with requirements of GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - For State and Local Governments*, depreciation expense of the governmental activities was charged to functions as follows:

Data Control Codes	Function	<u> </u>	Amount
0011	Instruction	\$	6,390,014
0012	Instructional resources and media services		579,677
0013	Curriculum and instructional staff development		29,601
0021	Instructional leadership		77,701
0023	School leadership		483,475
0031	Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services		92,502
0033	Health services		48,101
0034	Student transportation		1,397,392
0035	Food service		851,015
0036	Extracurricular activities		1,620,629
0041	General administration		70,301
0051	Facilities maintenance and operations		663,545
0053	Data processing services		29,601
	Total depreciation expense	\$	12,333,554

Governmental Fund Construction Commitments

At August 31, 2020, the District had the following construction commitments:

Pro	oject	<u>A</u>	Project uthorization		Expended To Date	<u>C</u>	ommitment
New Campus: New Campus:	Roberts Elementary Brannen Elementary Brazoswood High School Brazoswood CTE Center	\$	19,819,578 21,018,251 102,140,970 25,368,637	\$	18,641,600 19,665,609 22,154,220 10,862,490	\$	1,177,978 1,352,642 79,986,750 14,506,147
		\$_	<u>168,347,436</u>	\$_	71,323,919	\$_	97,023,517

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM DEBT

<u>Loans</u>

Short-term debts are accounted for through the appropriate fund, and consist of notes made in accordance with the provisions of the Texas Education Code. The District did not borrow any funds through loan transactions during the year ended August 31, 2020.

General Obligation Bonds

Long-term debt includes par bonds, capital appreciation (deep discount) serial bonds, contractual obligations and loans. Contractual obligations are issued at parity with general obligation bonds, but carry a secondary revenue stream pledge; however, all certificates of obligation are tax, not revenue, supported. This debt, unlike other tax-supported debt, can be issued without a vote of the citizens. Bond premiums and discounts are amortized using the effective interest method.

The following is a summary of the District's general obligation bonded debt as of August 31, 2020:

Date of Issue		Original Issue	!	Final Maturity	 % Rates	_	Outstanding Balance
2005	\$	8,000,000		2021	0.00	\$	8,000,000
2011		7,365,000		2023	2.00-4.00		6,215,000
2011		2,036,256		2021	3.00		2,684,043
2012		30,385,000		2023	2.00-4.00		11,915,000
2012		56,870,000		2025	2.00-3.00		23,685,000
2013		9,415,000		2023	3.00		1,360,000
2015		54,785,000		2035	2.00-5.00		36,135,000
2016		6,180,000		2022	2.00-4.00		865,000
2017		34,465,000		2042	3.00-5.00		32,925,000
2017		45,915,000		2037	3.00-5.00		42,245,000
2018		42,320,000		2034	3.00-5.00		35,755,000
2019	_	138,750,000		2042	2.13-5.00	_	138,000,000
Total	\$_	<u>436,486,256</u>				\$	<u>339,784,043</u>

Presented below is a summary of general obligation bond requirements to maturity:

Year Ended August 31	<u>F</u>	Principal		Interest	<u>_</u> F	Total Requirement
2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026-2030 2031-2035 2036-2040 2041-2042		28,905,000 21,300,000 20,365,000 20,700,000 18,745,000 87,645,000 75,835,000 47,780,000 18,550,000	\$	12,408,644 11,585,944 10,727,000 9,875,206 9,018,722 32,257,325 15,899,675 6,352,150 581,862	\$	41,313,644 32,885,944 31,092,000 30,575,206 27,763,722 119,902,325 91,734,675 54,132,150 19,131,862
Totals		39,825,000	\$ <u></u>	108,706,528	\$_	448,531,528

Difference in bond payable and future principal payments is due to \$40,957 of accretion, which will occur in future years prior to payment.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

General Obligation Bonds (Continued)

The District entered into one repurchase agreement for the 2005 Unlimited Tax School Building QZAB Bonds. The 2005 Unlimited Tax School Building QZAB Bonds repurchase agreement calls for annual payments of \$ 401,939 and will yield an interest rate of 2.83% with maturity date of June 30, 2021. The total requirement deposited for the year ended August 31, 2020 was \$ 401,939. The sinking fund balance as of August 31, 2020 was \$ 7,598,061.

Presented below is a summary of the sinking fund requirements:

Year Ended August 31	Series 2005
2021	\$401,939
Total minimum requirements	\$ <u>401,939</u>

Bond indebtedness of the District is recorded in the governmental activities statement of net position, and current requirements for principal and interest expenditures are accounted for in the Debt Service Fund. Proceeds of long-term issues are reflected as "Other Resources" in the operating statement of the recipient fund.

The District has entered into continuing disclosure undertaking to provide annual reports and material event notices to the State Information Depository of Texas (SID), which is the Municipal Advisory Council. This information is required under SEC Rule 15c2-12 to enable investors to analyze the financial condition and operations of Brazosport Independent School District.

There are limitations and restrictions contained in the general obligation bond indentures. The District is in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions at August 31, 2020.

Maintenance Tax Note

On November 30, 2010 the District issued \$ 9,330,000 of Taxable Series 2010Q Maintenance Tax Qualified School Construction Notes, maturing in 2029. The notes have stated interest rates ranging from 3.75% to 5.20%. The bonds are to be paid from annual ad valorem maintenance taxes levied. The District has irrevocably designated the Series 2010Q Notes as "specified tax credit notes" within the meaning of Section 6431(F)(3)(b) of the Internal Revenue Code. Therefore, the District will be eligible to receive a cash subsidy from the United States Treasury in connection with the election. The Federal subsidy received by the District will not be pledged to payment of the Series 2010Q Notes and may be used for any lawful purpose of the District, including but not limited to, payment of debt service on the Series 2010Q Notes.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Maintenance Tax Note - Continued

The following is a summary of the District's maintenance tax school construction note debt as of August 31, 2020:

Date of Issue	Original <u>Issue</u>	Final Maturity	% Rates	Outstanding Balance
2010	\$ 9,330,000	2029	3.75-5.20	\$ 4,695,000
Total	\$ <u>9,330,000</u>			\$ <u>4,695,000</u>

Presented below is a summary of maintenance tax note requirements to maturity:

Year Ended August 31	Principal		Interest		Total Requirement	
2021	\$	\$	235,771	\$	235,771	
2022			235,771		235,771	
2023			235,771		235,771	
2024			235,771		235,771	
2025	2,575,000		235,771		2,810,771	
2026-2029	2,120,000		440,960	_	2,560,960	
	\$ <u>4,695,000</u>	\$ <u></u>	1,619,815	\$ <u></u>	6,314,815	

Current requirements for interest expenditures accounted for in the General Fund were \$ 409,584.

The 2010Q Maintenance Tax Qualified School Construction Notes call for annual payments of \$515,000 from August 15, 2012 through August 15, 2025 and \$530,000 from August 15, 2026 through August 15, 2029, and will yield \$9,330,000 for the payment of principal on the notes.

Presented below is a summary of sinking fund requirements and estimated Federal subsidy for the 2010Q Maintenance Tax Qualified School Construction Notes. Listed is the original subsidy follows by the adjusted and reduced subsidy as a result of the federal sequestration. Beginning March of 2013 the subsidy was reduced by 8.7% from the original subsidy and in October of 2014 from it was reduced by 7.2% the original subsidy amount.

Year Ended August 31		Original Federal Subsidy		Reduced Federal Subsidy		Annual Sinking Fund Requirement	
2021	\$	235,771	\$	198,284	\$	515,000	
2022	·	235,771	•	198,284		515,000	
2023		235,771		198,284		515,000	
2024		235,771		198,284		515,000	
2025		235,771		198,284		515,000	
2026-2029		440,960		370,847		2,120,000	
Totals	\$	1,619,815	\$	1,362,267	\$	4,695,000	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the governmental activities for the year ended August 31, 2020, was as follows:

	Balance 09-01-19	Additions	Reductions	Balance 08-31-20	Due Within One Year
Long-Term Debt:					
General obligation					
bonds	\$ 224,644,037	\$ 138,830,006	\$ 23,690,000	\$ 339,784,043	\$ 28,905,000
Tax Notes	9,330,000		4,635,000	4,695,000	-0-
Net pension liability	46,141,942	5,056,950	3,701,926	47,496,966	-0-
Net OPEB liability	55,420,468	3,995,393	5,107,027	54,308,834	-0-
Premium on bonds	14,795,915	20,280,500	2,207,809	32,868,606	2,268,165
Totals	\$ <u>350,332,362</u>	\$ <u>168,162,849</u>	\$ <u>39,341,762</u>	\$ <u>479,153,449</u>	\$ <u>31,173,165</u>

NOTE 7. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

Plan Description

The District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). It is a defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supposed education institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detail information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at https://trs.texas.gov/TRS%20Documents/cafr2019.pdf , selecting About TRS then Publications then Financial Reports or by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 7. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Benefits Provided

TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description above.

Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if, as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action.

In May, 2019, the 86th Texas Legislature approved the TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) that provides for gradual contribution increases from the state, participating employers and active employees to make the pension fund actuarially sound. This action causing the pension fund to be actuarially sound, allowed the legislature to approve funding for a 13th check in September 2019. All eligible members retired as of December 31, 2018 received an extra annuity check in either the matching amount of their monthly annuity or \$ 2,000, whichever was less.

Contributions

Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. The TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) of the 86th Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and increased employee and employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2020 thru 2025.

Contribution Rates

	2019	 2020
Member	7.7%	7.7%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	6.8%	6.8%
Employers	6.8%	6.8%
Employer # 1398 - 2020 Employer Contributions		\$ 3,428,056
Employer # 1398 - 2020 Member Contributions		\$ 7,458,586
Employer # 1398 - 2020 NECE On-behalf Contributions	3	\$ 5,141,613
Employer # 1398 - 2020 Medicare Part D Contributions	•	\$ 412,516

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 7. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Contributions - Continued

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only nonemployer contributing entity. The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools and state agencies including TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education and junior colleges, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers (public school, junior college, other entities or the State of Texas as the employer for senior universities and medical schools) are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- During a new member's first 90 days employment.
- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.
- When the employing district is a public junior college or junior college district, the employer shall contribute to the retirement system an amount equal to 50% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees.
- When the employing district is a public or charter school, the employer shall contribute 1.5% of covered payroll to the pension fund beginning in fiscal year 2020. This contribution rate called the Public Education Employer Contribution will replace the Non(OASDI) surcharge that was in effect in fiscal year 2019.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge an employer is subject to.

- When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.
- When a school district or charter school does not contribute to the Federal Old-Age, Survivors and Disability Insurance (OASDI) Program for certain employees, they must contribute 1.5% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees. This surcharge was in effect through fiscal year 2019 and was replaced with the Public Education Employer Contribution explained above.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 7. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the August 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date August 31, 2018 rolled forward to

August 31, 2019

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Asset Valuation Method Market Value

Single Discount Rate 7.25%

Long-term expected Investment

Rate of Return 7.25% Municipal Bond Rate as of August 2019 2.63% Inflation 2.30%

Salary Increases including inflation 3.05% to 9.05%

Benefit changes during the year None Ad-hoc post-employment benefit changes None

The actuarial methods and assumptions are used in the determination of the total pension liability are the same assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2018. For a full description of these assumptions please see the actuarial valuation report dated November 9, 2018.

Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 7.25 percent was used to measure the total pension liability. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on plan investments of 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that contributions from active members, employers and the non-employer contributing entity will be made at the rates set by the legislature during the 2019 session. It is assumed that future employer and state contributions will be 8.50 percent of payroll in fiscal year 2020 gradually increasing to 9.55 percent of payroll over the next several years. This includes all employer and state contributions for active and rehired retirees.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.25%. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Systems target asset allocation as of August 31, 2019 are summarized below:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 7. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Accet Class	FY 2019 Target	New Target	Long-Term Expected Geometric Real Rate
Asset Class	Allocation*	Allocation**	of Return***
Global Equity: USA	18%	18%	6.4%
Non-U.S. Developed	13%	13%	6.3%
Emerging Markets	13% 9%	9%	7.3%
Directional Hedge Funds	4%	970	1.570
Private Equity	13%	14%	8.4%
Filivate Equity	1370	14 /0	0.470
Stable Value:			
U.S. Treasuries****	11%	16%	3.1%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	4%	5%	4.5%
Absolute Return	-	-	-
Real Return:			
Global Inflation Linked Bonds****	3%	-	-
Real Estate	14%	15%	8.5%
Energy, Natural Resources and Infrastructu	ire 5%	6%	7.3%
Commodities	-	-	-
Risk Parity:			
Risk Parity*****	5%	8%	5.8%/6.5%
Leverage:	401	601	0.707
Cash	1%	2%	2.5%
Asset Allocation Leverage	<u>-</u>	-6%	2.7%
Expected Return	100%	100%	7.2%
•			

^{*} FY 2019 Target Allocation based on the Strategic Asset Allocation dated 10/1/2018.

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net Pension Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (7.25%) in measuring the Net Pension Liability.

	1% Decrease			1% Increase		
	in Discount Discount			Discount	i	n Discount
	<u>R</u>	ate (6.25%)	R	ate (7.25%)	<u>R</u>	ate (8.25%)
District's proportionate share of the						
Net pension liability	\$_	73,009,736	\$_	47,496,966	\$_	26,826,697

^{**} New target allocation based on Strategic Asset Allocation dated 10/1/2019.

^{*** 10-}Year annualized geometric nominal returns include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.1%

^{****} New Target Allocation groups Government Bonds within the stable value allocation. This includes global sovereign nominal and inflation-linked bonds.

^{***** 5.8% (6.5%)} return expectation corresponds to Risk Parity with a 10% (12%) target volatility.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 7. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At August 31, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$47,496,966 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's Proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$	47,496,966
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	_	31,968,620

Total \$_79.465.586

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2018 and rolled forward to August 31, 2019 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2018 thru August 31, 2019.

At August 31, 2019 the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.0913699679% which was an increase of 0.007540194% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2018.

Changes since the prior Actuarial Valuation

- The single discount rate as of August 31, 2018 was a blended rate of 6.907 percent and that has changed to the long-term rate of return of 7.25 percent as of August 31, 2019.
- With the enactment of SB 3 by the 2019 Texas Legislature, an assumption has been made about how this would impact future salaries. It is assumed that eligible active members will each receive a \$2,700 increase in fiscal year 2020. This is in addition to the salary increase expected in the actuarial assumptions.
- The Texas legislature approved funding for a 13th check. All eligible members retired as
 of December 31, 2018 will receive an extra annuity check in September 2019 in either the
 matching amount of their monthly annuity payment or \$2,000, whichever is less.

For the year ended August 31, 2020, the District recognized pension expense of \$5,056,950 and revenue of \$5,141,613 for support provided by the State.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 7. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

At August 31, 2020, the District reported its proportionate share of TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual				
economic experience	\$	199,530	\$	1,649,170
Changes in actuarial assumptions		14,735,891		6,089,568
Net difference between projected and actual investment earn	ings	476,924		
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's	S			
contributions and the proportionate share of contributions		6,459,553		558
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement d	ate_	3,428,056	_	
Total	\$_	<u> 25,299,954</u>	\$_	7,739,296

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended August 31,	 Pension Expense Amount
2021	\$ 3,434,359
2022	2,893,899
2023	3,498,210
2024	3,228,111
2025	1,352,869
Thereafter	(274,846)

NOTE 8. DEFINED OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS

Plan Description

The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost sharing defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered through a trust by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) Board of Trustees. It is established and administered in accordance with Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detail information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained on the Internet at http://www.trs.state.tx.us/amount/documents/cafr.pdf#CAFR; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 8. DEFINED OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

Benefits Provided

TRS-Care provides health insurance coverage to retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional education service centers and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible non-Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in TRS-Care Standard, a high-deductible health plan. Eligible Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in the TRS-Care Medicare Advantage medical plan and the TRS-Care Medicare Rx prescription drug plan. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. There are no automatic post- employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs.

The premium rates for retirees are reflected in the following table.

TRS-Care Monthly Premium Rates

	 <u>Medicare</u>		<u>are</u>
Retiree or Surviving Spouse	\$ 135	\$ 2	200
Retiree and Spouse	529	6	686
Retiree or Surviving Spouse and Children	468	4	408
Retiree and Family	1,020	Ş	999

Contributions

Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS Board of trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, section 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate which is 1.25 percent of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is 0.75 percent of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer contribution rate of not less than 0.25 percent or not more than 0.75 percent of the salary of each active employee of the public. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act. The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 8. DEFINED OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

Contribution Rates

	2019	2020
Active Employee Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State) Employers Federal/private Funding remitted by Employers	0.65% 1.25% 0.75% 1.25%	0.65% 1.25% 0.75% 1.25%
Employer # 1398 - 2020 Employer Contributions Employer # 1398 - 2020 Member Contributions Employer # 1398 - 2020 NECE On-behalf Contributions	6	\$ 841,000 \$ 629,621 \$ 754,325

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to (regardless of whether or not they participate in the TRS Care OPEB Program). When hiring a TRS retiree, employers are required to pay TRS Care, a monthly surcharge of \$ 535 per retiree.

TRS-Care received supplemental appropriations from the State of Texas as the Non-Employer Contributing Entity in the amount of \$ 73.6 million in fiscal year 2019.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the August 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was rolled forward to August 31, 2019. The TRS-Care is similar to the actuarial valuations performed for the pension plan, except that the OPEB valuation is more complex. All of the demographic assumptions, including rates of retirement, termination, and disability, and most of the economic assumptions, including general inflation and salary increases, used in the OPEB valuation were identical to those used in the respective TRS pension valuation. The demographic assumptions were developed in the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017.

The active mortality rates were based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables for males and females. The Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the 2018 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables, with full generational projection using the ultimate improvement rates from the most recently published scale (U-MP).

The following assumptions and other inputs used for members of TRS-Care are identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2018 TRS pension actuarial valuation that was rolled forward to August 31, 2019; rates of mortality, rates of retirement, rates of termination, rates of disability incidence, general inflation, wage inflation and expected payroll growth.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 8. DEFINED OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

Additional Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Valuation Date August 31, 2018 rolled forward to

August 31, 2019

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Inflation 2.30% Discount Rate* 2.63%*

Aging Factors

Expenses

Based on plan specific experience
Third-party administrative expenses
related to the delivery of health care

related to the delivery of health care benefits are included in the ageadjusted claims costs.

Projected Salary Increases**

Healthcare Trend Rates***

4.50% to 10.25%***

Election Rates Normal Retirement: 65% participation

prior to age 65 and 50% participation after age 65. 25% of pre-65 retirees are assumed to discontinue coverage at age

65

Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes None

Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 2.63% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. There was a decrease of 1.06 percent in the discount rate since the previous year. Because the plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from active members and those of the contributing employers and the non- employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (2.63%) in measuring the Net OPEB Liability.

	1% Decrease			1% Increase		
	in	Discount		Discount	i	n Discount
	Ra	ate (1.63%)	Ra	ate (2.63%)	R	ate (3.63%)
District's proportionate share of the						
Net OPEB Liability	\$ <u></u>	65,568,190	\$	54,308,834	\$_	45,500,632

^{*} As of August 31, 2019

^{**} Includes Inflation at 2.30%

^{***} Initial trend rates are 7.50% for non-Medicare retirees; 10.25% for Medicare retirees and 10.25% for prescriptions for all retirees. Initial trend rates decrease to an ultimate trend rate of 4.50% over a period of 13 years.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 8. DEFINED OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At August 31, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$54,308,834 for its proportionate share of TRS's Net OPEB Liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's Proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	\$ 54,308,834 30,988,075
Total	\$ 85,296,909

The Net OPEB Liability was measured as of August 31, 2018 and rolled forward to August 31, 2019 and the Total OPEB Liability used to calculate the Net OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the Net OPEB Liability was based on the employer's contributions to OPEB relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2018 thru August 31, 2019.

At August 31, 2020, the employer's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability was 0.1148391388%, compared to 0.1109942966% as of August 31, 2019.

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if a healthcare trend rate that is 1% less than and 1% greater than the assumed 8.5% rate is used.

	1% Decrease		Current S	ingle	1	% Increase
	in	Healthcare	Healthc	are	in	Healthcare
		Trend Rate	Trend R	ate	7	Trend Rate
District's proportionate share of the		_				_
Net OPEB Liability	\$_	44,303,243	\$ <u>54,30</u>	<u>8,834</u>	\$_	67,711,735

Changes since the prior Actual Valuation

The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the Total OPEB liability (TOL) since the prior measurement period:

- The discount rate changed from 3.69 percent as of August 31, 2018 to 2.63 percent as of August 31, 2019. This change increased the TOL.
- The health care trend rates were reset to better reflect the plan's anticipated experience.
 This change increased the TOL.
- The participation rate for pre-65 retirees was lowered from 70 percent to 65 percent. The
 participation rate for post-65 retirees was lowered from 75 percent to 50 percent. 25
 percent of pre-65 retirees are assumed to discontinue their coverage at age 65. There
 was no lapse assumption in the prior valuation. These changes decreased the TOL.
- The percentage of retirees who are assumed to have two-person coverage was lowered from 20 percent to 15 percent. In addition, the participation assumption for the surviving spouses of employees that die while actively employed was lowered from 20 percent to 10 percent. These changes decreased the TOL.
- Change of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 8. DEFINED OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

For the year ended August 31, 2020, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$3,995,393 and revenue of \$754,325 for support provided by the State.

At August 31, 2020, the District reported its proportionate share of TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

<u>-</u>	C	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual	_			
economic experience	\$	2,664,310	\$	8,887,065
Changes in actuarial assumptions		3,016,432		14,607,744
Net difference between projected and actual				
investment earnings		5,859		
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's		•		
contributions and the proportionate share of contributions		2,863,210		
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the		, , -		
measurement date		841,000		
model of the date		3 11,000	_	
Total	\$	9,390,811	\$_	23,494,809

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended August 31,	OPEB Expense <u>Amount</u>
2021	\$ (2,627,202)
2022	(2,627,202)
2023	(2,629,099)
2024	(2,630,183)
2025	(2,629,887)
Thereafter	(1,801,425)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 9. GENERAL FUND FEDERAL SOURCE REVENUES

Following is a schedule of federal source revenue recorded in the General Fund.

	CFDA		
Program or Source	Number	_	Total
Direct Costs:			
School Health and Related Services (SHARS)		\$	1,293,570
Build America Bonds			386,543
ROTC	12.000		71,134
Medicaid Administrative Claiming Program (MAC)	93.778		52,509
Indirect Costs:			
Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies	84.010A		87,682
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027A		102,582
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173A		3,131
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048A		6,050
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365A		4,174
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367A		10,499
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424A		5,485
ESSER Grants	84.425D	_	69,914
		\$_	2,093,273

The School Health and Related Services (SHARS) funds and Build America Bond subsidy are not considered federal financial assistance for inclusion in the Schedule of Federal Financial Awards.

NOTE 10. LOCAL AND INTERMEDIATE REVENUES

During the current year, local and intermediate revenues for governmental funds consisted of the following:

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Other Funds	Total
Property taxes	\$125,552,845	\$ 34,566,810	\$	\$	\$160,119,655
Food sales				1,087,002	1,087,002
Investment income	1,439,701	393,582	2,627,273	14,920	4,475,476
Penalties, interest and other tax related					
income	428,080	156,808			584,888
Co-curricular income Other tuition and fees	130,646				130,646
from patrons	48,145				48,145
Enterprise activities	3,427			871,867	875,294
Grants and contributions	13,790			899,799	913,589
Other	9,562,889			16,432	9,579,321
Totals	\$ <u>137,179,523</u>	\$ <u>35,117,200</u>	\$ <u>2,627,273</u>	\$ <u>2,890,020</u>	\$ <u>177,814,016</u>

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 11. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the fiscal year 2020, the district purchased commercial insurance to cover general liabilities. There were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year, and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage.

NOTE 12. SELF-INSURANCE

Dental Plan

Beginning September 1, 2001, the District established its self-funding Dental (Health) Plan program. The accrued liability for the Dental Plan self-insurance program is projected to be \$41,258 as of August 31, 2020.

The dental plan is funded through the employee flex spending program. During the year ended August 31, 2020, the Plan received \$ 668,384 in employee contributions, of which \$ -0- were forfeitures.

The accrued liability for the Dental Plan self-insurance of \$41,258 includes estimated incurred but not reported claims. This liability reported in the fund at August 31, 2020, is based on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred as of the date of the financial statements, and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. Because actual claim liabilities depend on such complex factors as inflation, changes in legal doctrines, and damage awards, the process used in computing the liability does not result necessarily in an exact amount.

Changes in the dental plan claims liability amounts in fiscal 2018-2019 and 2019-2020 are presented below:

			Cu	rrent-Year				
	Beg	inning of	CI	laims and			Е	Balance at
	Fise	cal-Year	Cł	hanges in		Claim		Fiscal
	L	<u>iability</u>	<u>Estimates</u>		<u></u> P	ayments	_	Year-End
2018-2019 Dental Plan	\$	36,739	\$	737,160	\$	733,301	\$	40,598
2019-2020 Dental Plan	\$	40,598	\$	734,754	\$	734,094	\$	41,258

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 12. SELF-INSURANCE (Continued)

Workers' Compensation

Beginning September 1, 2001, the District established its self-funding Workers' Compensation program. The District met its statutory worker's compensation obligations by participating as a self-funded member of the TASB Risk Management Fund. The accrued liability for the Workers' Compensation self-insurance program is projected to be \$ 177,908 as of August 31, 2020.

The District has maintained a self-insured retention of \$ 325,000 per occurrence during the year ended August 31, 2020. The District currently purchases specific excess coverage of \$ 325,000 per occurrence from Midwest Employers Casualty Company and \$ 1,000,000 in the aggregate. Claims administration is also provided by Texas Association of School Boards.

The accrued liability for Workers' Compensation self-insurance of \$ 177,908 includes estimated incurred but not reported claims. This liability reported in the fund at August 31, 2020, is based on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred as of the date of the financial statements, and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. Because actual claim liabilities depend on such complex factors as inflation, changes in legal doctrines, and damage awards, the process used in computing the liability does not result necessarily in an exact amount.

The following year-by-year exposure details the number of annual claims.

Fiscal Year	<u>Claims</u>
2011-12	77
2012-13	77
2013-14	85
2014-15	92
2015-16	93
2016-17	75
2017-18	72
2018-19	68
2019-20	75
9 Yr. Average	79

Changes in the workers' compensation claims liability amounts in fiscal 2018-2019 and 2019-2020 are presented below:

	Fis	ginning of scal-Year Liability	CI CI	rrent-Year aims and nanges in stimates	<u> P</u>	Claim ayments_	Balance at Fiscal Year-End		
2018-2019 Workers' Compensation	\$	155,316	\$	331,928	\$	341,630	\$	145,614	
2019-2020 Workers' Compensation	\$	145,614	\$	332,534	\$	300,240	\$	177,908	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 13. UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION POOL

During the year ended August 31, 2020, Brazosport Independent School District provided unemployment compensation coverage to its employees through participation in the TASB Risk Management Fund (the Fund). The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. The Fund's Unemployment Compensation Program is authorized by Section 22.005 of the Texas Education Code and Chapter 172 of the Texas Local Government Code. All members participating in the Fund execute Interlocal Agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties.

The Fund meets its obligations to the Texas Workforce Commission. Expenses are accrued each month until the quarterly payment has been made. Expenses can be reasonably estimated; therefore, there is no need for specific or aggregate stop loss coverage for Unemployment Compensation pool members.

The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each plan year on August 31. The audit is approved by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2019 are available at the TASB offices and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin.

NOTE 14. LITIGATION AND CONTINGENCIES

The District participates in numerous state and Federal grant programs, which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, if any, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at August 31, 2020 may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying combined financial statements for such contingencies.

NOTE 15. JOINT VENTURED-SHARED SERVICE ARRANGEMENTS

The District participates in a Shared Services Arrangement ("SSA") for teaching and services for the Juvenile Justice Alternative Education Program with seven other school districts. The District does not account for revenues or expenditures of this program and does not disclose them in these financial statements. Brazoria County is the fiscal agent manager and is responsible for all financial activities of the shared services arrangement. The District does not have a net equity interest in the fiscal agent. The fiscal agent is neither accumulating significant financial resources nor fiscal exigencies that would give rise to a future additional benefit or burden to Brazosport Independent School District. The District reimburses Brazoria County for expenditures attributable to their participation. The fiscal agent manager is responsible for all financial activities of the shared services arrangement. Presented below are the expenditures attributable to the District's participation.

Expenditures:

6200 Professional and Contracted Services \$ 13,300

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 15. JOINT VENTURED-SHARED SERVICE ARRANGEMENTS (Continued)

The District participates in a Shared Services Arrangement for the hearing impaired through the Brazoria-Fort Bend Cooperative with eleven other school districts. The District does not account for revenues or expenditures in this program and does not disclose them in these financial statements. The District neither has a joint ownership interest in fixed assets purchased by the fiscal agent, Fort Bend Independent School District, nor does the district have a net equity interest in the fiscal agent. The fiscal agent is neither accumulating significant financial resources nor fiscal exigencies that would give rise to a future additional benefit or burden to Brazosport Independent School District. The fiscal manager is responsible for all financial activities of the shared services arrangement. The amount of state revenues and expenditures attributable to the District's participation is not available.

The District reimburses Fort Bend Independent School District for their share of expenditures incurred which exceed the state funded portion. Local revenues are utilized to cover these expenditures. The District included the following expenditures in these financial statements.

Expenditures:

6400 Other Operating Costs

\$ 61,500

NOTE 16. TAX ABATEMENTS

The District enters into appraised value limitations with local businesses under the Texas Economic Development Act (Tax Code Chapter 313). Under the Act, an appraised value limitation is an agreement in which a taxpayer agrees to build or install property and create jobs in exchange for a 10-year limitation on the taxable property value for the District's maintenance and operations tax (M&O) purposes. The minimum limitation value varies by District. The application for a limitation on the appraised value for M&O purposes is submitted directly to the District and requires an application fee that is established by the District. Tax credits are applicable only to applications determined to be complete prior to January 1, 2014. To qualify for a tax credit, a separate application must be submitted to the District after property taxes for the last complete year of the qualifying time period are paid. The credit is for M&O taxes paid in excess of the limitation amount in each complete year of the qualifying time period. The District's tax collector must credit the overage in equal parts over the last seven years of the agreement. but the credit in each year may not exceed 50 percent of the total taxes paid on the qualified property during that year. Any eligible amount not credited during the seven-year period are to be credited over the following three years, cut the amount credited in each year may not exceed the total taxes paid on the qualified property in that year. The following are brief descriptions of each agreement followed by a summary of the agreements as of August 31, 2020:

The District entered in an agreement with Olin Chlorine 7, LLC on January 4, 2011. In addition to the tax abatement, Olin Chlorine 7, LLC has committed to the payment in lieu of taxes program. The agreement and all supporting documentation was assigned Texas Comptroller Application No. 172.

The District entered in an agreement with High Purity Water Oasis on May 1, 2012. In addition to the tax abatement, High Purity Water Oasis has committed to the payment in lieu of taxes program. The agreement and all supporting documentation was assigned Texas Comptroller Application No. 213.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 16. TAX ABATEMENTS (Continued)

The District entered in an agreement with Dispersions Facility on November 5, 2012. In addition to the tax abatement, Dispersions Facility has committed to the payment in lieu of taxes program. The agreement and all supporting documentation was assigned Texas Comptroller Application No. 237.

The District entered in an agreement with Dow Agrosciences, LLC on May 1, 2013. The project scope was to design and construct a new Dichlorophenol plant in Freeport, Texas. Dichlorophenol is used in the production of Dow Agrosciences Frontline 2, 4-D herbicide. In addition to the tax abatement, Dow Agrosciences, LLC has committed to the payment in lieu of taxes program. The agreement and all supporting documentation was assigned Texas Comptroller Application No. 216.

The District entered into an agreement with Freeport Ammonia, LLC/Yara Freeport, LLC on November 11, 2014. The project scope was to design and construct an ammonia production facility, as well as related utility, infrastructure and logistics improvements. The plant will manufacture ammonia that is used in products such as nylon, polyurethanes, water treatment products, personal health care products and many others. In addition to the tax abatement, Freeport Ammonia, LLC/Yara Freeport, LLC has committed to the payment in lieu of taxes program. The agreement and all supporting documentation was assigned Texas Comptroller Application No. 1007.

The District entered into an agreement with The Dow Chemical Company on September 5, 2012. The project scope was to design and construct an in-purpose propylene plant that will use propane as a feedstock to produce propylene. The process is known as propane dehydrogenation. The project also included site improvements, pipe ways and utility services, foundations and process equipment including vessels, reactors, pumps, pipes, valves, filters and electrical systems. In addition to the tax abatement, The Dow Chemical Company has committed to the payment in lieu of taxes program. The agreement and all supporting documentation was assigned Texas Comptroller Application No. 214.

The District entered into an agreement with Freeport LNG on February 19, 2013. The project scope was to design and construct a Train 1 natural gas liquefaction infrastructure at an existing terminal to provide capacity of approximately 4.4 million metric tons per annum (mtpa) of liquid natural gas per liquefaction train. In addition to the tax abatement, Freeport LNG has committed to the payment in lieu of taxes program. The agreement and all supporting documentation was assigned Texas Comptroller Application No. 244.

The District entered into an agreement with Praxair on October 25, 2016. The project scope was to design and construct an industrial gas complex comprising of two plants: (1) a new world scale air separation unit for the production of argon, oxygen and nitrogen and (2) a world scale carbon dioxide purification and liquefaction plant. In addition to the tax abatement, Praxair has committed to the payment in lieu of taxes program. The agreement and all supporting documentation was assigned Texas Comptroller Application No. 1144.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 16. TAX ABATEMENTS (Continued)

Application Number	_	Project Value	Project's Value Limitation Amount	A	Amount of Applicant's &O Taxes Paid	s Applicant's		Company Revenue Loss Payments to the District		Company PILOT Payment to District		Net Benefit (Loss) to the <u>District</u>	
172	\$	762,668,250	\$ 30,000,000	\$	291,000	\$	7,640,750	\$	8,578	\$	806,482	\$ 1,106,060	
213		61,968,450	30,000,000		291,000		353,472				32,124	323,124	
237		78,094,360	30,000,000		291,000		521,181		382		46,613	337,995	
1007		302,842,220	30,000,000		291,000		2,858,559		62,473		258,410	611,883	
216		150,000,000	30,000,000		291,000		1,269,000		22,786		114,121	427,907	
214		851,945,870	30,000,000		291,000		8,569,237		5,449		1,049,250	1,345,699	
244		993,598,730	30,000,000		291,000		10,042,427		5,387,886		395,902	6,074,788	
1112		490,614,720	30,000,000	_	291,000	_	4,811,393	_	512,254	_	395,571	1,198,825	
	\$	<u>3,691,732,600</u>	\$ <u>240,000,000</u>	\$_	2,328,000	\$	36,066,019	\$_	5,999,808	\$_	3,098,473	\$ <u>11,426,281</u>	

NOTE 17. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

The District has evaluated subsequent events through December 4, 2020, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.

On October 1, 2020, the District issued \$ 102,070,000 of Series 2020 Unlimited Tax School Building and Refunding Bonds for the construction, renovation, and equipment of school facilities, the purchase of necessary sites for school buildings in the District, the purchase of new school buses, and the refunding of the Series 2011 Unlimited Tax Refunding bonds maturing in 2035. The bonds have stated interest rates of 2.00% - 5.00%. The bonds are to be paid from annual ad valorem interest and bonded indebtedness.

The following is a schedule of principal maturity for the Series 2020 Unlimited Tax School Building and Refunding Bonds:

Maturing February 15		Principal						
•								
2021	\$	7,480,000						
2022		8,175,000						
2023		8,780,000						
2024		3,105,000						
2025		4,910,000						
2026-2029		31,315,000						
2031-2035		38,305,000						
Total	\$ <u></u>	102,070,000						







SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

				Genera	al Fu	nd		
Data Control Codes		Budgeted Original				Actual	Fii	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
		-						_
5700 5800 5900	REVENUES: Local and intermediate sources \$ State program revenues Federal program revenues	7,455,725 2,245,000	\$	145,424,199 7,455,725 2,245,000	\$	137,179,523 11,771,648 2,093,273	\$(<u>(</u>	8,244,676) 4,315,923 151,727)
5020	Total revenues	155,115,384	_	155,124,924	_	151,044,444	(4,080,480)
0011 0012 0013 0021 0023 0031 0032	EXPENDITURES: Current: Instruction Instructional resources and media services Curriculum and instructional staff development Instructional leadership School leadership Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services Social work services	71,791,540 1,711,189 3,594,444 3,134,675 8,735,335 5,898,335 439,993		70,478,654 1,833,008 3,709,807 3,129,063 8,730,585 5,922,936 464,993		67,438,245 1,571,802 3,111,497 2,950,308 8,395,441 5,020,924 403,701		3,040,409 261,206 598,310 178,755 335,144 902,012 61,292
0033	Health services	1,490,838		1,590,838		1,403,662		187,176
0034 0036 0041 0051	Student transportation Extracurricular activities General administration Facilities maintenance and operations	2,843,195 4,533,658 2,888,799 13,399,791		2,843,195 4,638,192 3,141,520 13,849,791		2,538,609 4,099,563 2,904,472 13,068,442		304,586 538,629 237,048 781,349
0051	Security and monitoring services	2,060,974		2,161,774		2,062,789		98,985
0053	Data processing services	2,432,164		2,532,164		2,280,378		251,786
0061	Community services Debt Service:	12,900		12,900		8,041		4,859
0071 0071	Debt service - principal Debt service - interest and fees Capital Outlay:	515,000 410,000		4,635,000 410,000		4,635,000 409,584		-0- 416
0081	Facilities acquisition and construction Intergovernmental:			420,951		420,950		1
0091 0093 0095	Contracted instructional services between public schools Payments related to shared services arrangements Payments to juvenile justice alternative	27,623,174 61,500		33,679,174 61,500		30,304,764 61,500		3,374,410 -0-
0099	education programs Other intergovernmental charges	52,000 1,306,546		52,000 1,306,546		13,300 1,182,152		38,700 124,394
6030	Total expenditures	154,936,050	_	165,604,591	_	154,285,124		11,319,467
1100	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	179,334	(10,479,667)	(3,240,680)		7,238,987
7912 7915 8911	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Sale of real or personal property Transfers in Transfers out		<u>(</u>	250,00 <u>0</u>)	<u>(</u>	27,023 59,759 250,000)		27,023 59,759 -0-
	Total other financing sources (uses)		(250,000)	(_	163,218)		86,782
1200	Net change in fund balance	179,334	(10,729,667)	(3,403,898)		7,325,769
0100	Fund balance - beginning	74,828,086	_	74,828,086	_	74,828,086		-0-
3000	Fund balance - ending \$	5 75,007,420	\$	64,098,419	\$	71,424,188	\$	7,325,769

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - COST SHARING EMPLOYER PLAN FOR THE LAST TEN MEASUREMENT YEARS ENDED AUGUST 31 (1)

	_	2014	_	2015		2016		2017
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.0502446%		0.0762038%		0.0757160%		0.0802290%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	13,421,028	\$	26,937,029	\$	28,611,962	\$	25,652,918
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	_	8,105,161	_	14,477,947	_	15,089,480	_	13,292,486
Total	\$_	21,526,189	\$_	41,414,976	\$_	43,701,442	\$_	38,945,404
District's covered payroll	\$	70,210,198	\$	70,210,198	\$	77,047,832	\$	82,198,510
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	1	19.12%		38.37%		37.14%		31.21%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		83.25%		78.43%		78.00%		82.17%

⁽¹⁾ Ten years of data should be presented in this schedule but data is unavailable prior to 2014. Net pension liability and related ratios will be presented prospectively as data becomes available.

	2018		2019
	0.0838298%		0.0913700%
\$	46,141,942	\$	47,496,966
_	23,515,849	_	31,968,620
\$_	69,657,791	\$_	79,465,586
\$	85,275,018	\$	90,879,588
	54.11%		52.26%
	73.74%		75.24%

SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED CONTRIBUTIONS -COST SHARING EMPLOYER PLAN FOR THE LAST TEN YEARS ENDED AUGUST 31 (1)

	_	2015	_	2016	_	2017	_	2018
Contractually required contributions	\$	1,273,841	\$	2,256,428	\$	2,405,690	\$	2,629,439
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		1,273,841	_	2,256,428	_	2,405,690	_	2,629,439
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$_	-0-	\$_	-0-	\$_	-0-	\$_	-0-
District's covered payroll	\$	70,210,198	\$	77,047,832	\$	82,198,510	\$	85,275,018
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		1.81%		2.93%		2.93%		3.08%

⁽¹⁾ Ten years of data should be presented in this schedule but data is unavailable prior to 2015. Data will be presented prospectively as data becomes available.

Exhibit G-3

	2019		2020
\$	3,035,004	\$	3,428,056
_	3,035,004		3,428,056
\$_	-0-	\$_	-0-
\$	90,879,588	\$	96,865,034
	3.34%		3.54%

Exhibit G-4

BRAZOSPORT INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - COST SHARING EMPLOYER PLAN FOR THE LAST TEN MEASUREMENT YEARS ENDED AUGUST 31 (1)

	2017 2018					2019
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability		0.109459%		0.110994%		0.114839%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	47,599,482	\$	55,420,468	\$	54,308,834
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District		27,817,714	_	31,825,427	_	30,988,075
Total	\$_	75,417,196	\$_	87,245,895	\$_	85,296,909
District's covered payroll	\$	82,198,510	\$	85,275,018	\$	90,879,588
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		57.91%		64.99%		59.76%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability		0.91%		1.57%		2.66%

⁽¹⁾ The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end that occurred within the fiscal year. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

Exhibit G-5

SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS - COST SHARING EMPLOYER PLAN FOR THE LAST TEN YEARS ENDED AUGUST 31 (1)

	_	2018		2019		2020
Contractually required contributions	\$	569,077	\$	589,847	\$	841,000
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		569,077	_	589,847	_	841,000
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$_	-0-	\$ <u>_</u>	-0-	\$ <u>_</u>	-0-
District's covered payroll	\$	85,275,018	\$	90,879,588	\$	96,865,034
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.67%		0.65%		0.87%

⁽¹⁾ Ten years of data should be presented in this schedule but data is unavailable prior to 2015. Data will be presented prospectively as data becomes available.





COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2020

											Special
			211 ESEA Title I Part A		224		225		226		240 National School
Data Control <u>Codes</u>		<u>-</u>	Improving Basic Programs		IDEA Part B Formula		IDEA Part B Preschool	Di	IDEA Part B iscretionary		Breakfast and Lunch Program
1110 1120	ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESC Cash and cash equivalents Current investments	JUR(\$	CES:	\$		\$		\$	4,836	\$	2,504,109
1240 1260 1290 1300	Receivables from other governments Due from other funds Other receivables Inventories		518,781 5,518		584,930 35,147		18,110				114,748 58 20,940 82,027
1000	Total assets	-	524,299	_	620,077	_	18,110	_	4,836	-	2,721,882
1700	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows of resources	-		=		_		_		-	
	Total deferred outflows of resources	-	-0-	-	-0-	_	-0-	_	-0-	-	-0-
	Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ <u>_</u>	524,299	\$_	620,077	\$_	18,110	\$	4,836	\$_	2,721,882
	LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOUR Liabilities:	CES	, AND FUND E	3AL	ANCE:						
2110 2160 2170 2300	Accounts payable Accrued wages payable Due to other funds Unearned revenue	\$	6,490 132,358 385,451	\$	11,278 173,307 435,492	\$	4,830 13,280	\$	4,836	\$	174,163 162,728 2,097,435 72,109
2000	Total liabilities	-	524,299	-	620,077	_	18,110	_	4,836	-	2,506,435
2600	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows of resources	_		-		_				-	
	Total deferred inflows of resources	-	-0-	_	-0-	_	-0-	_	-0-	-	-0-
	Fund Balance: Nonspendable:										
3410	Inventories Restricted:										82,027
3450 3490	Grant Funds Other	-		=		_		_		-	133,420
3000	Total fund balance	-	-0-	-	-0-	_	-0-	_	-0-	-	215,447
4000	Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balance	\$ <u></u>	524,299	\$_	620,077	\$_	18,110	\$	4,836	\$_	2,721,882

Re	venue Funds												
	244	255	263		266		289		385		397		410
	Career and Technical Basic Grant	ESEA, Title II Part A-Teacher and Principal Training and Recruiting	Tite III, Part A English Languag Acquisition and Language Program	ge 	ESSER Grant		Federally Funded Special Revenue Funds		State Supplemental Visually npaired (SSVI)	_	Advanced Placement Incentives		State nstructional Materials Fund
\$		\$	\$	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
	44,533	45,530	23,061		1,789,386 200,052		12,531						608,071
_	44,533	45,530	23,061	_	1,989,438	-	12,531	-	-0-		-0-	_	608,071
_	-0-	-0-	-0-	_	-0-	_	-0-	-	-0-		-0-	_	-0-
\$_	44,533	\$ <u>45,530</u>	\$ <u>23,061</u>	\$_	1,989,438	\$_	12,531	\$_	-0-	\$	-0-	\$ <u></u>	608,071
\$	3,176 41,357	\$ 7,113 38,417	\$ 1,704 1,607 19,750	\$	1,989,438	\$	5,039 7,492	\$		\$		\$	567,004 41,067
_	44,533	45,530	23,061	_	1,989,438	_	12,531	-	-0-		-0-	_	608,071
-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-	-0-	-	-0-	-	-0-		-0-	-	-0-
_	-0-	-0-	-0-	_	-0-	_	-0-	-	-0-		-0-	_	-0-
\$_	44,533	\$45,530	\$ <u>23,061</u>	\$_	1,989,438	\$_	12,531	\$_	-0-	\$	-0-	\$_	608,071

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2020

		_	107		420		441		472		Special 400
			427		429		461		472		480
Data Control Codes		.	Criminal Justice Planning Grant		State Funded Special Revenue Funds		Campus Activity Funds		BISD Education Foundation		Lowe's Grants
1110 1120 1240 1260 1290 1300	ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESC Cash and cash equivalents Current Investments Receivables from other governments Due from other funds Other receivables Prepaid items)UR \$	CES:	\$	67,151	\$	1,100,499	\$	543,125 401,318 100	\$	37
1000	Total assets		-0-	_	67,151	_	1,100,499	_	944,543	_	37
1700	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows of resources			-		_		_		_	
	Total deferred outflows of resources		-0-	-	-0-	_	-0-	_	-0-	_	-0-
	Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	-0-	\$ <u>_</u>	67,151	\$_	1,100,499	\$	944,543	\$_	37
	LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOUR Liabilities:	CES	S, AND FUND E	BAL	ANCE:						
2110	Accounts payable	\$		\$		\$		\$	335	\$	
2160 2170	Accrued wages payable Due to other funds				639				1,625		37
2300	Unearned revenue			_	66,512	_			1,025	_	
2000	Total liabilities		-0-	-	67,151	_	-0-	_	1,960	_	37
2600	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows of resources			_		_		_		_	
	Total deferred inflows of resources	-	-0-	-	-0-	_	-0-	_	-0-	_	-0-
	Fund Balance: Nonspendable:										
3410	Inventories Restricted:										
3460	Grant Funds										
3490	Other			-		_	1,100,499	_	942,583	-	
3000	Total fund balance	•	-0-	=	-0-	_	1,100,499	_	942,583	_	-0-
4000	Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balance	\$ <u>.</u>	-0-	\$_	<u>67,151</u>	\$_	1,100,499	\$	944,543	\$_	37

Revenue Funds	3					
481 482		483	484	489	490	
Region IV PBIS	PPCD Program	Region 4 School Support	Fluor Industries Grant	City of Lake Jackson PEG	Dow Education Grants	Total Nonmajor Governmental (See C-2)
\$ 710 9,450	\$ 15,692	\$	\$ 2	\$ 48,584	\$ 184,220	\$ 4,419,671 401,318 3,808,265 241,485 30,490
10,160	15,692	-0-	2	48,584	184,220	82,027 8,983,256
-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-
\$ <u>10,160</u>	\$ <u>15,692</u>	\$	\$2	\$ <u>48,584</u>	\$184,220	\$ <u>8,983,256</u>
10,160	\$	\$	\$	\$ 48,532	\$ 7,141	\$ 768,115 490,158 5,135,010 138,621
10,160	-0-	-0-	2	48,532	7,141	6,531,904
-0-		-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	
						82,027
	<u>15,692</u>			52	177,079	133,420 <u>2,235,905</u>
-0-	15,692	-0-	-0-	52	177,079	2,451,352
\$ <u>10,160</u>	\$ <u>15,692</u>	\$	\$2	\$48,584	\$184,220	\$ <u>8,983,256</u>

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

								Special
		211 ESEA		224	225	226		240
		Title I						National
5.		Part A		IDEA	1554	1554		School
Data Control		Improving		IDEA Part B	IDEA Part B	IDEA Part B		Breakfast and Lunch
<u>Codes</u>		Basic Programs		Formula	Part B Preschool	Discretionary	(Program
Coucs	REVENUES:		_	Tomula	1103011001	Discretionary		<u> 1 Togram</u>
5700	Local and intermediate sources	\$ 104	\$	264	\$	\$	\$	1,113,446
5800	State program revenues							237,111
5900	Federal program revenues	2,140,520	-	2,460,805	<u>76,263</u>	71,616	_	4,922,048
5020	Total revenues	2,140,624	_	2,461,069	76,263	71,616	_	6,272,605
	EXPENDITURES:							
0011	Current:	1 075 220		1 7/4 002	7/ 2/2	// 700		
0011 0012	Instruction Instructional resources and media services	1,875,230		1,764,803	76,263	66,780		
0012	Curriculum and instructional staff development	132,044		5,803				
0013	Instructional leadership	53,447		65,143				
0023	School leadership	5,324		2,365				
0031	Guidance, counseling and evaluation services	484		555,296				
0032	Social work services	55,802		67,659				
0034	Student transportation					4,836		
0035	Food services							6,903,229
0036	Extracurricular activities							
0041	General administration							
0051	Facilities maintenance and operations							
0052	Security and monitoring services							
0053	Data processing	10 202						
0061	Community services	18,293	-				_	
6030	Total expenditures	2,140,624	-	2,461,069	76,263	71,616	_	6,903,229
1100	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		=	-0-			(630,624)
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
7912	Sale of real and personal property							19,235
7915	Transfers in							255,000
8911	Transfers out		-				_	_
	Total other financing sources (uses)		-	-0-			_	<u> 274,135</u>
1200	Net changes in fund balance	-0-		-0-	-0-	-0-	(356,489)
0100	Fund balance - beginning		-	-0-	-0-	-0-	_	571,936
3000	Fund balance - ending	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$_	-0-	\$	\$	\$	215,447

Revenue Funds							
244	255	263	266	289	385	397	410
Career and Technical Basic Grant	ESEA, Title II Part A - Teacher and Principal Training and Recruiting	Title III, Part A English Languag Acquisition and Language Program	e ESSER Grant	Federally Funded Special Revenue Funds	State Supplemental Visually Impaired (SSVI)	Advanced Placement Incentives	State Instructional Materials Fund
\$ 158	\$ 1	\$ 140	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
188,165	254,379	87,262	1,719,472	139,036	9,090	546	574,239
188,323	254,380	87,402	1,719,472	139,036	9,090	546	574,239
178,615		64,916	999,435	9,435	9,090	546	574,239
					7,070	340	374,237
9,708	96,278 158,102	14,898 683	123,654	25,907			
	100,102	4,589	1,144 429,835	36,000			
			106,895				
			11,597 37,926	67,694			
		2,326	8,986	07,071			
188,323	254,380	87,402	1,719,472	139,036	9,090	546	574.239
-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-		-0-	-0-
-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-
-0-							
\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$	\$	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$	\$	\$	\$

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

											Special
			427		429		461		472		480
Data Control Codes		_	Criminal Justice Planning Grant		State Funded Special Revenue Funds		Campus Activity Funds		BISD Education oundation		Lowe's Grants
E700	REVENUES: Local and intermediate sources	¢		ф	40.000	¢	071 047	¢	400 EE0	ф	
5700 5800 5900	State program revenues Federal program revenues	\$	83,000	\$	49,988 1,050	\$	871,867	\$ 	699,550	-	
5020	Total revenues	-	83,000	=	51,038		871,867		699,550	_	-0-
0011 0012 0013 0021 0023 0031 0032 0034 0035 0036 0041 0051 0052 0053 0061	EXPENDITURES: Current: Instruction Instructional resources and media services Curriculum and instructional staff development Instructional leadership School leadership Guidance, counseling and evaluation services Social work services Student transportation Food services Extracurricular activities General administration Facilities maintenance and operations Security and monitoring services Data processing Community services		83,000		1,050 49,988		914,575		73,442 25,967 2,500 12,030 77,668		474
6030	Total expenditures	-	83,000	_	51,038	_	914,575	_	191,607	_	474
1100	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	-	-0-	-	-0-	(42,708)	_	507,943	(_	474)
7912 7915 8911	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Sale of real and personal property Transfers in Transfers out	-		-		_	10,075	<u>(</u>	192,147)	_	
	Total other financing sources (uses)	-	-0-	-	-0-	_	<u> 10,075</u>	(<u>192,147</u>)	_	-0-
1200	Net changes in fund balance		-0-		-0-	(32,633)		315,796	(474)
0100	Fund balance - beginning	-	-0-	-	-0-		1,133,132		626,787	_	474
3000	Fund balance - ending	\$	-0-	\$_	-0-	\$	1,100,499	\$	942,583	\$	-0-

Revenue Funds						
481	482	483	484	489	490	
Region IV PBIS	PPCD Program	Region 4 School Support	Fluor Industries Grant	City of Lake Jackson PEG	Dow Education Grants	Total Nonmajor Governmental (See C-2)
\$ 9,450	\$	\$ 14,960	\$	\$ 48,584	\$ 81,508	\$ 2,890,020 905,036 12,059,566
9,450	-0-	14,960	-0-	48,584	81,508	15,854,622
320 1,770 7,360		14,960	19,664	48,584	153,227 35,241	5,930,023 25,967 446,353 284,715 8,833 1,040,202 242,641 4,836 7,012,624 926,605 89,265 37,926 67,694 8,986 20,619
9,450	-0-	14,960	19,664	48,584	188,468	16,147,109
-0-	-0-		(19,664)		(106,960)	
					117,313	19,135 382,388 (192,147)
	-0-	-0-		-0-	117,313	209,376
-0-	-0-	-0-	(19,664)	-0-	10,353	(83,111)
	15,692		19,664	52	166,726	2,534,463
\$	\$ <u>15,692</u>	\$	\$	\$ <u>52</u>	\$ <u>177,079</u>	\$ <u>2,451,352</u>

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2020

Data Control Codes			Dental Plan		Worker's mpensation	Total (See D-1)	
	Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources: Assets:						
1110 1120 1290	Cash and cash equivalents Investments Other receivables (net)	\$	52,786 260,772 <u>86</u>	\$	134,887 2,086,179	\$	187,673 2,346,951 <u>86</u>
	Total current assets		313,644		2,221,066		2,534,710
1700	Deferred Outflows of Resources: Deferred outflows of resources					_	-0-
	Total deferred outflows of resources		-0-		-0-	_	-0-
	Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	313,644	\$	2,221,066	\$	2,534,710
	Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position: Liabilities:						
2165	Accrued liabilities	\$	41,258	\$	177,908	\$	219,166
2000	Total liabilities		41,258		177,908	_	219,166
2600	Deferred Inflows of Resources: Deferred inflows of resources						-0-
	Total deferred inflows of resources		-0-	_	-0-	_	-0-
3900	Net Position: Unrestricted net position		272,386		2,043,158	_	2,315,544
3000	Total net position		272,386		2,043,158	_	2,315,544
	Total liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, and net position	\$	313,644	\$	2,221,066	\$	2,534,710

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

	Dental <u>Plan</u>	Worker's Compensation	Total (See D-2)
Operating Revenues: Charges for services	\$ 668,384	\$319,365	\$ 987,749
Total operating revenues	668,384	319,365	987,749
Operating Expenses: Insurance claims and expenses	734,754	332,534	1,067,288
Total operating expenses	734,754	332,534	1,067,288
Operating loss	(66,370) (13,169)	(79,539)
Nonoperating Revenues: Investment earnings	<u>7,514</u>	40,437	47,951
Total nonoperating revenues	7,514	40,437	47,951
Change in net position	(58,856	27,268	(31,588)
Net position - beginning	331,242	2,015,890	2,347,132
Net position - ending	\$ <u>272,386</u>	\$	\$ <u>2,315,544</u>

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

	Dental <u>Plan</u>		Worker's Compensation			Total (See D-3)
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers Payments to other funds	\$	668,298	\$	•	\$	987,663 0
Payments to suppliers Claims paid	(734,094)	<u>(</u>	4,914) 295,326)	<u>(</u>	4,914) 1,029,420)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	(65,796)		19,125	(46,671)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities						-0-
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities						-0-
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchase of investments Sale of Investments Investment earnings	(519,553) 508,000 7,150	(4,154,077) 4,061,000 36,113	(4,673,630) 4,569,000 43,263
Net cash used by investing activities	(4,403)	(56,964)	(61,367)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(70,199)	(37,839)	(108,038)
Balances - beginning of the year		122,985		<u> 172,726</u>		295,711
Balances - end of the year	\$	52,786	\$	134,887	\$	187,673
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating loss Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by Operating Activities:	\$(66,370)	\$(13,169)	\$(79,539)
Changes in Assets and Liabilities: Other receivables Accrued liabilities	(86) 660		32,294	(86) 32,954
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ <u>(</u>	<u>65,796</u>)	\$	19,125	\$ <u>(</u>	46,671)
NONCASH INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Increase in fair value of investments	\$	365	\$	4,324	\$	4,689



SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Loot Ton Voors Ended		Toy	Datas			Assessed/Appraised		Beginning Balance
Last Ten Years Ended August 31,	_	Maintenance	Rates	Debt Service		Value for School Tax Purposes		September 1, 2019
2010 and Prior	\$	Various	\$	Various	\$	Various	\$	174,477
2011		1.040000		0.201500		6,238933,790		38,291
2012		1.040000		0.201500		6,068476,601		29,601
2013		1.040000		0.209500		6,431,912,070		46,847
2014		1.040000		0.215300		6,409,126,185		58,480
2015		1.040000		0.215300		6,933,187,931		61,943
2016		1.040000		0.215300		8,001,042,265		92,765
2017		1.040000		0.215300		8,457,052,204		125,831
2018		1.040000		0.215300		11,394,834,859		260,520
2019		1.040000		0.215300		12,835,080,081		674,563
2020 (School Year Under Audit)		0.970000		0.215300		13,160,599,931	_	
1000 Totals							\$	1,563,318

Current Year's Total Levy	 Maintenance Total Collections		Debt Service Total Collections		Entire Year's Adjustments	Ending Balance August 31, 2020
\$	\$ 5,475	\$	825	\$(30,004) \$	138,173
	1,832		356		0	36,103
	2,006		388	388		27,207
	3,819		806	806 (42,215
	4,657		985	(8)	52,830
	6,386		1,323		2,901	57,135
	11,875		2,458	2,458		83,226
	6,886		1,425	1,425 (95,019
	75,257		15,579	(15,203)	154,481
	242,956		50,297	(102,053)	279,257
 153,479,322	 125,265,320	_	34,506,727		6,923,753	631,028
\$ 153,479,322	\$ 125,626,469	\$_	34,581,169	\$	6,761,672 \$	1,596,674

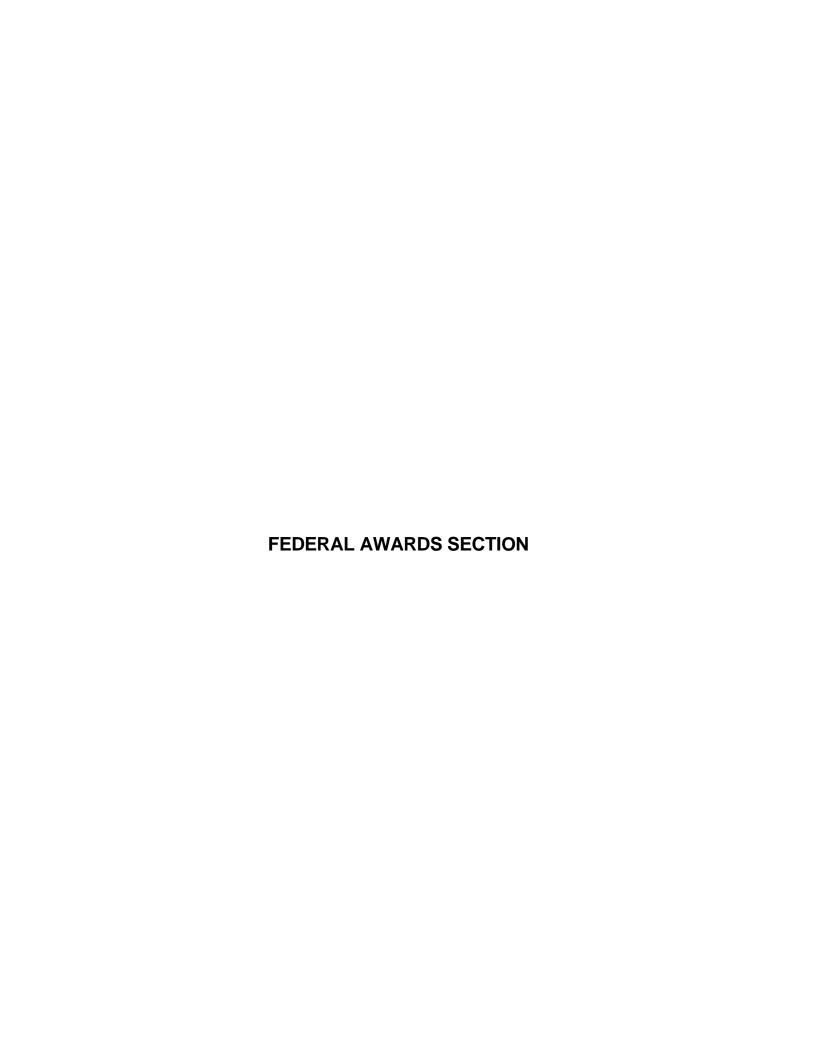
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - NATIONAL SCHOOL BREAKFAST AND LUNCH PROGRAM FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

		National School Breakfast and Lunch Program						
Data Control Codes		Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
5700 5800 5900	REVENUES: Local and intermediate sources State program revenues Federal program revenues	\$	1,719,356 31,000 5,103,045	\$	1,719,356 256,000 5,103,045	\$	1,113,446 \$(237,111 (4,922,048 ((605,910) (18,889) (180,997)
5020	Total revenues		6,853,401		7,078,401	_	6,272,605	(805,796)
0035 6030	EXPENDITURES: Current: Food service Total expenditures	_	6,853,401 6,853,401		7,078,401 7,078,401		6,903,229 6,903,229	175,172 175,172
	·	_	_			_	_	
1100	Deficiency of revenues over expenditures		-0-		-0-	(630,624)	(630,624)
7912 7915	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Sale of real and personal property Transfers in	_			250,000		19,135 255,000	19,135 5,000
	Total other financing sources	_	-0-		250,000	_	274,135	24,135
1200	Net change in fund balance		-0-		250,000	(356,489) ((606,489)
0100	Fund balance - beginning	_	571,936		571,936	_	571,936	
3000	Fund balance - ending	\$	571,936	\$	821,936	\$	215,447	\$ <u>(606,489</u>)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

		Debt Service Fund								
Data Control Codes			Budgeted Amounts Original Final Actual							
5700 5800	REVENUES: Local and intermediate sources State program revenues	\$	35,216,386 114,203	\$	35,216,386 114,203	\$	35,117,200 101,827	\$(<u>(</u> _	99,186) 12,376)	
5020	Total revenues	_	35,330,589		35,330,589		35,219,027	(111,562)	
0071 0071	EXPENDITURES: Debt Service: Debt service - principal Debt service - interest and fees		23,690,000 11,326,220		23,690,000 14,356,722		23,690,000 13,756,221		-0- 600,501	
6030	Total expenditures		35,016,220		38,046,722		37,446,221		600,501	
1100	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		314,369	(2,716,133)	(2,227,194)		488,939	
7916	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Premium on issuance of general obligation bonds Total other financing sources	_	-0-		3,030,502 3,030,502		3,030,500 3,030,500	<u>(</u>	<u>2</u>)	
1200	Net change in fund balance		314,369		314,369		803,306		488,937	
0100	Fund balance - beginning		13,990,687		13,990,687		13,990,687		-0-	
3000	Fund balance - ending	\$	14,305,056	\$	14,305,056	\$	14,793,993	\$	488,937	









Independent Auditor's Report

On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

The Board of Trustees Brazosport Independent School District Freeport, Texas 77542

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Brazosport Independent School District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended August 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 4, 2020.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Lake Jackson 8 W Way Ct. Lake Jackson, TX 77566 979-297-4075 El Campo 201 W. Webb St. El Campo, TX 77437 979-543-6836 Angleton 2801 N. Velasco, Suite C Angleton, TX 77515 979-849-8297 Bay City 2245 Avenue G Bay City, TX 77414 979-245-9236



Board of Trustees Brazosport Independent School District Page 2

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

KM&L, LLC

Lake Jackson, Texas December 4, 2020



Independent Auditor's Report On Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

The Board of Trustees Brazosport Independent School District Freeport, Texas 77542

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Brazosport Independent School District's (the "District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2020. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2020.

Board of Trustees Brazosport Independent School District Page 2

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

KM&L, LLC

Lake Jackson, Texas December 4, 2020

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

- I. Summary of auditor's results:
 - 1. Type of auditor's report issued on the financial statements: Unmodified.
 - 2. No internal control findings, required to be reported in this schedule, were disclosed in the audit of the financial statements.
 - 3. Noncompliance, which is material to the financial statements: None
 - 4. No internal control findings, required to be reported in this schedule, were disclosed in the audit of the major programs.
 - 5. Type of auditor's report on compliance for major programs: Unmodified.
 - 6. Did the audit disclose findings, which are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a): No.
 - 7. Major programs include:
 - Title 1 Grants to Local Educational Agencies CFDA 84.010 A
 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund CFDA 84.425D
 - Child and Adult Care Food Program CFDA 10.558
 - 8. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$ 750,000.
 - 9. Low risk auditee: Yes.
- II. Findings related to the financial statements

The audit disclosed no findings required to be reported.

III. Findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.

The audit disclosed no findings required to be reported.

Brazosport Independent School District

Funding and Finance



In accordance with Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations §200.511, the auditee is responsible for follow-up and corrective action on all audit findings. As part of this responsibility, the auditee must prepare a summary schedule of prior audit findings. This summary schedule of prior audit findings must report the status of the following:

- All audit findings included in the prior audit's schedule of findings and questioned costs
- All audit findings reported in the prior audit's summary schedule of prior audit findings except audit findings listed as corrected.

The schedule of status of prior audit findings is as follows:

None.

Brazosport Independent School District

Funding and Finance



In accordance with Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations §200.511, the auditee must prepare, in a document separate from the auditor's findings described in §200.516 Audit findings, a corrective action plan must be presented to address each finding included in the current year auditor's reports. The corrective action plan is as follows:

None.

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title U.S. Department of Education	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Entity Identifying Number	Expenditures Indirect Costs or Award Amount
Passed Through State Department of Education:			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010A	20610101020905	\$ 2,045,638
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010A	21610101020905	128,708
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010A	2060141020905	53,856 2,228,202
Passed Through State Department of Education:			
Special Education - Grants to States*	84.027A	206600010209056600	2,432,357
Special Education - Grants to States*	84.027A	216600010209056600	131,030
Special Education - Grants to States*	84.027A	66002006	71,616
Special Education - Grants to States	04.UZ1A	66002006	2,635,003
			2,035,003
Passed Through State Department of Education:			
Special Education - Preschool Grants*	84.173A	206600010209056610	74,564
Special Education - Preschool Grants*	84.173A	216600010209056610	4,830
			79,394
Passed Through State Department of Education:			
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048A	20420006020905	157,234
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048A	21420006020905	9,708
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048A	204200287110009	27,273
			<u>194,215</u>
December 1 Through Chata Department of Educations			
Passed Through State Department of Education:	04.0054	0007400400000	00.000
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365A	20671001020905	89,829
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365A	21671001020905	1,607
			91,436
Passed Through State Department of Education:			
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367A	20694501020905	238,920
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367A	21694501020905	<u>25,958</u>
p.og . oaoo. Quanty Otato O.ao	000		264,878
Passed Through State Department of Education:			
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424A	2068010020905	134,139
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424A	2168010020905	5,039
			139,178
Deceard Through Ctate Department of Education			
Passed Through State Department of Education:	04 4050	20524004020005	4 700 000
ESSER Grant	84.425D	20521001020905	1,789,386
			1,789,386
Passed Through State Department of Education:			
Grants for State Assessments and Related Activities	84.369A	69551902	5,343
C.S. IS TO CIGIO / ISSUEDING AND INCIDENCE / ISSUEDING	J 1.0007 (00001002	5,343
			<u> </u>
TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			\$ <u>7,427,035</u>

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title U.S. Department of Agriculture	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Entity Identifying Number	In	xpenditures direct Costs or Award Amount
Direct Program:				
Commodity Supplement Program **	10.555		\$ <u></u>	440,34 <u>6</u> 440,34 <u>6</u>
Passed Through State Department of Education:				
School Breakfast Program **	10.553	71401901		114,367
School Breakfast Program **	10.553	71402001		614,478
School Breakfast Program **	10.553	52402001		72,686
National School Lunch Program **	10.555	71301901		399,218
National School Lunch Program **	10.555	71301901		2,297,267
National School Lunch Program **	10.555	52302001		230,171
National School Eulich Frogram	10.555	5230200 I	_	3,728,187
Passed Through State Department of Agriculture:				_
Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558			753,51 <u>5</u>
				753,51 <u>5</u>
TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			\$	4,922,048
U.S. Department of Defense				
Direct Programs:				
ROTC	12.000		\$	71,134
			_	
TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE			\$	71,134
U.S. Department of Health & Human Services Passed Through State Department of Human Services: Medicaid Administrative Claiming Program - MAC	93.778	529-07-0157-00033	\$	52,509
TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICES			\$	52,509
TOTAL FEDERAL ASSISTANCE *, ** - Cluster Programs			\$	12,472,726
RECONCILIATION: Federal Program Revenues (Exhibit C-2)			\$	14,152,839
Less: School Health and Related Services (SHARS) not consider federal revenue for the Schedule of Federal Awards Build America Bonds not considered federal revenue for the	red		(1,293,570)
Schedule of Federal Awards			(386,543)
Total federal financial assistance (Schedule of expenditures of Fe	ederal Awar	ds)	\$	12,472,726

See notes to supplemental Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

NOTES ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 1 - BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The District accounts for all awards under federal programs in the General and certain special revenue funds in accordance with the Texas Education Agency's *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide*. These programs are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and deferred outflows of resources, and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e. revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e. expenditures and other financing uses) in net current position.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used for these funds. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual, i.e. both measurable and available, and expenditures in the accounting period in which the liability is incurred, if measurable, except for certain compensated absences and claims and judgments, which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

Federal grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant, and, accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as unearned revenues until earned. Generally unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods.

Commodity Supplement Program (CFDA 10.555) received like kind goods and no grant revenue received was reported on the schedule for the monetary value of these goods. The monetary value of goods received was \$ 446,618, while the monetary value of goods used and recognized as income and expenditures was \$ 440,346.

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the District under programs of the federal government for the year ended August 31, 2020. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards. Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the District.

NOTE 3 - FEDERAL INDIRECT RATE

The District has elected to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate.